

3 Days After the Elections: Where Are the Peace Pledges?

Only three days have passed since the elections and full returns are still not yet available. What of the pledges of the major party candidates? Here are a few items gathered from the day's news:

Is There a Secret War Alliance?

Anglo-U.S. Pacific Deal Reported

LONDON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Agreement in principle on a basis of co-operation in the Pacific has resulted from informal conversations among the United States, Great Britain and Australia, it was reported reliably today.

It was reported that the agreement in principle was such that in event of emergency decisions could be made on short notice.

Details of the reported agreement were not divulged and officials were reticent to discuss reports that it involved possible use of the great British Far Eastern naval base at Singapore by the United States Navy.

Wall Street Wins the Elections

Stocks Advance 1 to 7 Points

The trading markets showed their sharpest advances yesterday since the "war boom" of 1939 after Secretary of the Treasury Henry G. Morgenthau announced that he would seek further taxes to meet "defense" costs and ask a boost of 15 or 20 billion dollars in the national debt limit.

Stocks advanced from one to seven points while prices for wheat advanced three cents a bushel and long term United States bonds rose more than a point.

Steel, motors, mining shares and aircraft stocks reached their highest peak of the year with rises of from three to six points overcoming Wednesday's drops.

Gold mining shares joined the "war babies" in the general rise. Morgenthau's remarks were interpreted in Wall Street as containing inflationary possibilities.

Boost Debt Limit, Morgenthau Asks

Says 'We Have Only Just Begun to Arm'

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Secretary of Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr., said today that mounting rearmament costs will require Congress to increase immediately tax exemptions on all new Government security issues and to increase the national debt limit to perhaps \$65,000,000,000 by June 30, 1942.

"We have only just begun to rearm," Morgenthau explained at a press conference in a discussion of Government financing plans of the third term administration. "The time has come to make all Government securities pay taxes."

Morgenthau gave assurance that the Treasury does not contemplate making Government security taxes retroactive.

He said the Treasury has no idea how much revenue a tax on Government securities might raise, the probable increase in interest rates on Federal obligations such a step might entail or the amount of Federal expenditures the next four years. He was emphatic, however, in stating that controls would prevent any inflation.

President to Move Swiftly to Expand War Aid to British Imperialists

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—A meeting of the priorities board after President Roosevelt had conferred with the national defense commission gave rise tonight to the belief that shipments of fighting planes to Great Britain may increase soon.

William D. Knudsen, defense commission production chief, acknowledged that the board had on its docket Mr. Roosevelt's recent request that Britain's plea for 12,000 additional American planes be given sympathetic consideration.

Mr. Roosevelt has made no secret of his plans for increased aid for Britain. Now that the election is over, it is believed he intends to move swiftly.

Reports that the RAF will get at least 20 of this country's huge flying fortresses continue to persist.

Washington Says Talks Under Way for Naval and Air Bases in South America

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Authoritative quarters reported "progress" today in negotiations with Latin American countries for possible joint use of some of their air or naval bases.

Negotiations have been going on for some time with most Latin American countries on defense.

If any agreements are reached, it is expected the Latin American countries will retain control over bases even in emergency but the United States might furnish technical experts or defense materials such as anti-aircraft guns.

Secretary of State Hull said last week that these consultations are underway.

"We are engaged in defense consultations with our neighbors to the south, and we have created facilities for such consultations with Canada," he said. "In all these fields we intend to continue vigorous efforts."

in today's DAILY WORKER
another article in

MIKE GOLD's

series:

THE GREAT TRADITION:

Can the Literary Renegades Destroy It?

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5 Negroes Die In Pittsburgh Tunnel Cave-In

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 7 (UP).—Five Negro workers were killed today when a tunnel in Stowe Township collapsed as they were repairing the passageway. Another Negro was injured.

First victim removed from the debris was Charles Rosenbrough. The injured man, Willie Peay, of Pittsburgh, was taken to Ohio Valley hospital, where he was found to be suffering from a possible fractured neck vertebrae and scalp lacerations.

Less than six hours after the collapse, Stowe Township police and firemen, aided by volunteer rescue workers, had removed the remaining victims from the debris.

The other men killed were Harper Fair, 34; Haywood Turner, John Wright, 37 and George Russell, 31, all of Pittsburgh.

Huge Soviet Parade Puts Stress on Neutrality

2,000,000 March on 23rd Anniversary of Revolution

By Janet Weaver
(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Nov. 7. — Today, the 23rd anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution, the working people of the Soviet capital, in one of the largest and most enthusiastic demonstrations ever held, expressed their boundless joy at the tremendous victories of the Land of Socialism in the year just past; they expressed their profound support to the peace policy of the Soviet Union and its policy of genuine neutrality in the present imperialist slaughter, and solemnly pledged themselves to new advances in socialist economy and in the defense might of the Soviet Country.

A blue, cloudless sky, bright sunshine, and crisp, invigorating air combined to make ideal conditions for the parade and review of forces of the Land of Socialism. The ideal weather fused with the surging political atmosphere of socialism victorious, the atmosphere of peace and true freedom, that profoundly permeated Moscow and the historic Red Square from the time the military parade opened at 11:00 A. M. until the last columns of demonstrators passed through the Square as the sun was setting over the Kremlin.

RAKOSI HONORED

Red Square never looked so bright, with banners and streamers covering the front of the buildings facing the Kremlin wall. And on the tribunes of Red Square, among the Stakhanovites from Moscow factories, deputies of the Supreme Soviet, and other outstanding people, were workers' delegations from the five new Soviet Republics. Along with them was Mathias Rakosi, who but a few days ago was a prisoner in a capitalist dungeon, sentenced to hard labor for life.

Both the representatives of the liberated peoples now part of the peoples of the USSR and the liberated revolutionary hero Rakosi bore

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Nationwide Peace Rallies On Nov. 11

Capital Police Arrest 2 Distributors as FDR Enters City

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7. — The American Peace Mobilization announced today it is pressing ahead with plans for a nationwide series of peace rallies over the armistice day week-end despite the first ominous signs of a crack-down by police officials in the nation's capital.

Two young men distributing leaflets announcing peace mobilization plans for Armistice Day to crowds welcoming the President back to Washington were arrested by police and held incommunicado for three hours.

Frederick F. Field, Secretary of the Peace Mobilization declared that these arrests "seem to be the first formal notification to the country of the real policies to be followed by this Administration that claims it is going to 'keep us out of war'."

"Apparently," Field said, "now that the elections are over, the lip-service to peace and democracy is to be thrown to the winds. Even before the President-elect has gotten back into the White House to resume his duties, the campaign of

(Continued on Page 5)

Ickes Offers To Resign to Give FDR 'Free Hand'

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Secretary of Interior Harold L. Ickes said today that, following custom, he has tendered his resignation to President Roosevelt to allow the chief executive a free hand in appointing a new cabinet.

"My resignation is at the White House," Ickes said at a press conference. "This is customary and I did it four years ago."

"I believe the President should be left a free hand at a time like this to reshuffle or recreate his cabinet. He has a mighty task before him. My resignation was made in good faith."

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Vol. XVII, No. 269

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1940

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

(8 Pages) Price 3 Cents

EIRE WILL NOT GIVE BRITAIN BASES, DEVALERA DECLARES

For Neither Churchill Nor Hitler -- But for Ireland

--by Ellis

Stresses Full Neutrality Towards Both Camps of Belligerents

ANSWERS CHURCHILL

Cites Press Campaign in Both British and U. S. Papers

DUBLIN, Nov. 7 (UP).—Premier Eamon De Valera said in Parliament tonight that Britain would not be allowed to have bases on the Eire Coast.

"We have our ports and we do not intend to give them back," he said.

De Valera referred to Tuesday's speech by Prime Minister Winston Churchill in the House of Commons, in which he said that Britain was greatly handicapped in her war against Germany's submarine campaign because she was denied the use of bases on the south and west coasts of Eire.

Of Churchill's statement De Valera said:

"I do not know whether everybody is prepared to take that statement the way I am prepared to take it—as simply a natural expression of regret or as something portending something more."

"I would not have made any reference to this matter at this stage if it were not for the fact that the extensive press campaign carried on in England has been echoed in the United States."

De Valera said that the Eire government always had aimed to establish friendly relations with the people on that other island—England.

UNSETTLED QUESTION

"Only one fundamental question stands out, namely, the question of partition," he said. "Partition still was unsettled when war broke out but other fundamental issues have been fixed up. The government of this country no doubt realized that England, in giving back the ports, knew that she was making a sacrifice and that position has been clearly understood up to the present."

De Valera said that so long as Eire remained neutral there could be no question of handing over bases to the British.

He said there was no truth in any suggestion that German submarines or any other submarines were being supplied with fuel and provisions from Eire ports.

"Not only is it a lie, but it is known to be a falsehood by the British government itself," he said. "Any attempt to bring pressure to bear on us by any belligerents, by Great Britain, would only lead to bloodshed. So long as this government remains in office we shall defend our rights."



Italians Start Major Push Against Greeks

Metaxas Claims Greece Has Edge on Foe in Fighting to Date

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, Nov. 7 (UP). — Violent fighting was reported in three sectors of the Italo-Greek front in border dispatches tonight and it appeared that a major Italian offensive was gaining ground.

In the Koriza-Bitola sector the momentum of the Greek thrust into Albania was said to be diminishing under strong Italian counter-attacks, with the Greek rear under Italian artillery fire, to the south, Italian divisions advancing in the coastal sector from Konispol were reported to have crossed the Kalamas River near the village of Minia.

50 ITALIANS TAKEN
Greek troops supported by a motorized detachment were said to have badly defeated early today Italian troops attempting to attack in the direction of Kalpakion on the Argyrokastron - Janina road. The battle was reported to have been fought near the village of Vismari about 23 kilometers (14 miles) from Janina.

The victorious Greeks were said

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Browder Vote in Union County, N. J., Rises 700%

(Special to the Daily Worker)
ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov. 7. — Returns from Union County, one of the 21 counties of the state, indicate that the Communist Party will register the largest vote in its history in the State of New Jersey.

Eleven hundred and sixteen votes were registered for Browder and Ford last Tuesday in this county.

This represents a 700 per cent increase over the 1936 Presidential vote of 159. An increase of thirty-three and a third per cent over the largest vote ever cast for a state-wide candidate, which was 840 in 1938.

CITY VOTE
In the city of Elizabeth, the county seat, there were Communist votes in every ward. The Socialist Party received only 354 votes in the entire county for its Presidential candidate.

Incomplete reports from only 28 election districts out of about 600 in Essex County show the Communist Party running far ahead of the 1936 and 1938 figures. The vote Tuesday in these 28 districts was 603 as compared with 407 votes in the entire county in 1936 and 1,361 in 1938.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 7. — The Connecticut vote for Earl Browder in eight recorded counties reached 941 today, with the highest

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Browder Vote Rises 30% In Boston

Communist Candidate for State Auditor in City Reaches 6,616

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Nov. 7. — Earl Browder's vote for 1940 increased approximately 30 per cent over the vote cast in this city for him in 1936, tallies here revealed today.

Browder polled 1,084 in Boston this year as compared to 783 in the last presidential election.

Meanwhile, Arthur Buckley, Communist candidate for State Auditor topped the entire Communist ticket throughout the state by polling 6,616 in Boston alone.

Otis A. Hood, Communist candi-

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U. P. Correspondent Sees Stalin at Meeting-- Is Impressed by His Simplicity and Strength

Virgil Pinkley, European business manager for the United Press, gives his impressions of Josef Stalin in the following dispatch.

By Virgil Pinkley
United Press Staff Correspondent

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 (UP). — Josef Stalin represents a direct contrast to other international figures as they appear before their people.

At last night's meeting at the Moscow Grand Opera House in celebration of the 23rd anniversary of the Communist Revolution, Stalin appeared in his usual garb of semi-military gray-brown uniform, consisting of a four-pocketed tunic and trousers tucked into his boots. He wore no necktie.

Stalin marched onto the stage in the center of a group of officials. While the audience of 2,000, consisting mostly of young people, clapped hands for the leaders of the Soviet Republics, Stalin quietly and firmly walked to a seat in the second row, directly behind Viacheslav Molotov, Premier-Foreign Commissar, with-

out giving any salute or making any visible expression. I, who have frequently been present at speeches and international ceremonies, was surprised to see how quietly Stalin, who maintains the greatest simplicity in his official as well as his public life, conducts himself before an admiring audience.

As Secretary of the Communist Party, which handles the destiny of upwards of 160,000,000 persons, Stalin presents a striking figure. Physically he appears at least 10 years younger than his 60 years.

Stalin has thick black hair worn pompadour style. His long heavy mustache rides over a fine set of strong teeth. All during the speech of President Mikhail I. Kalinin, Stalin intently studied the audience, especially the galleries. At times he glanced at the slogans in huge gold letters on red plush backgrounds.

During periods of applause, Stalin clapped his hands. But I noticed that he kept the heels of his hands together, lightly tapping his fingers together. Every gesture he makes suggests great patience and conservation of physical energy. He has a stocky athletic figure and appears to possess great physical strength as well as mental alertness.

It is difficult to realize that Stalin, as he appears now, is a man who has undergone great privations in the underground revolutionary movement, including terms in jail and confinement in Siberia. He seems to have borne lightly the burdens of leadership of the Soviet State since the death of Lenin in 1924.



JOSEPH STALIN

Red Army Called 'Faithful Guard' Of Oct. Revolution

Marshal Timoshenko Calls on Army Men to Perfect Military Sciences, Never 'Become Conceited and Content with Our Achievements'

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Nov. 7.—Although the power of the Socialist State has obliged the capitalist world to "shift over and yield" to a certain extent this past year, the Red Army should not become conceited or content with present achievements, declared Marshal Semyon Timoshenko, People's Commissar of Defense of the Soviet Union, in an official proclamation to the Red Army today.

The proclamation, issued in honor of the 23rd anniversary of the October Revolution, warned of dangerous surprises in the present international situation, and called on every Red Army man to exercise "utmost vigilance" and to "study constantly."

Marshal Timoshenko's order read in part:

"On this day, the 23rd anniversary of the Great October Revolution, the Soviet people—193 million strong—rank the past year as a year of new achievements and new victories for socialism. We are observing this 23rd anniversary in an exceptionally dangerous and alarming international situation. The Second Imperialist War waged for world domination is assuming an ever greater scope, embracing new territories and new peoples.

"The wise Stalinist foreign policy of the Soviet Government—a policy of peace between peoples and of insurance of the safety of our fatherland—has resulted in new and remarkable victories.

PRESTIGE GROWS

"The role of the Soviet Union in solving international problems has expanded immensely. Its prestige has grown in the eyes of the working people the world over. Basing itself on the strength and might of the Red Army, the Soviet Government solved by peaceful means the Soviet-Rumanian conflict on the question of Bessarabia and North Bukovina. The rule of the landowners and capitalists, loathsome to the working masses, was abolished in Lithuania, Latvia, and Estonia.

"In defending the safety of its frontiers and securing its state interests, the Soviet Union has considerably increased and extended its boundaries westward. The U. S. S. R. is now firmly established on the shores of the Gulf of Finland, the Baltic Sea, and the Danube. The capitalist world was obliged to shift over and yield. But however great our achievements, it is not for us—fighters of the Red Army—to become conceited and to rest content with our achievements.

"In this international situation, pregnant with various surprises, we must exert the utmost vigilance. Being a mighty bulwark for the peaceful labor of the peoples of the Soviet Union, and a faithful

Vichy Deprives 480 Of Citizenship

VICHY, France, Nov. 7 (UP).—An official decree promulgated today deprived 480 recently naturalized foreigners of their French nationality.

There was one American on the list, Rosalee Roth, born in New York Sept. 4, 1894, according to the decree, and married to Salvador Adolfo de Salomika, who also lost his naturalization.

Argentine C. P. Hails Browder's Peace Campaign

Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party of the United States, yesterday received a cable hailing his brilliant election campaign from Arnaldo Alvarez, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Argentina.

Emphasizing the Communist leader's vigorous struggle for peace, Alvarez cabled:

"Together with our expression of solidarity, we extend greetings to you, workers' leader, in the struggle for peace in America."

British C. P. In Greeting To Soviet Peoples

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Proclaiming the principle of international solidarity on the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the Socialist Revolution in Russia, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Great Britain today sent the following cable to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union:

"On the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the victorious Bolshevik Revolution, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Great Britain sends its warmest fraternal greetings and proclaims the solidarity of the revolutionary workers of Britain with the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and its leader, Stalin.

"Twenty-three years of Soviet power have demonstrated to the world the workers' only path to freedom, peace and Socialism.

LAUDS PEACE STAND

"In the midst of the raging inferno of imperialist war, the triumphs of Socialist construction and the peace policy of the Soviet Union are a beacon light and an inspiration to the peoples of all countries.

"The mighty strength of the Socialist state is the guardian of the interests of all humanity, against every attack of the imperialist exploiters.

"The hostile acts of the British rulers and their allies, the Labor Party leaders, against the Soviet Union during the fifteen months of this war represents neither the interests nor the wishes of the British people.

"We proclaim our unity with the people of the Socialist Soviet Union in their struggle against war machinations and against imperialism, for peace among all peoples, and for the victory of world Socialism."

Argentine Communist Freed After 4 Years In Brazilian Prison

Rodolfo Ghioldi, After Years of Torture in Vargas Prison, Wins Liberty Through Workers' Protests; Prestes Still Held

By Ricardo M. Setaro

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Nov. 7.—Rodolfo Ghioldi, beloved leader of the Argentine workers and leading member of the Argentine Communist Party, is back again in this country after four years in a Brazilian prison, freed by the protest movement of the Argentine people.

A powerful and spontaneous popular demonstration welcomed him home. The demonstration was also a demonstration for Luis Carlos Prestes, demanding his release and the release of all other political prisoners now in jail on the Island Fernando de Noronha. For four years the trade unions and the popular organizations fought for the release of Ghioldi until the Vargas government was forced to free him.

The trade unionists and the young people wept with emotion when they welcomed him back. Four and a half years of prison in the infamous Fernando de Noronha have left their mark on Ghioldi. Pale and thin, he reminds one of Henry Barbusse in his last years.

When he spoke to the people at the demonstration, he was pale and tired, but his old fire was there, and his unbroken Communist spirit when he said:

TELLS OF PRESTES

"I am here, among you, my friends, comrades and my people. I am happy to be back in my country, to be again in the militant ranks of my Party, the Communist Party. You know I have a task to fulfill. I have the duty of saving from the Vargas jails, those who are still there. Through our solidarity we must improve the conditions of those brave fighters. Look at me—just in the six days of the trip home, I have gained six pounds. That can give you an idea of the conditions in Vargas jails."

Ghioldi then spoke of the "Knight of Hope," Luis Carlos Prestes, leader of the National Liberation Alliance of Brazil who is serving a 16-year sentence and is now on trial on framed-up murder charges carrying an additional thirty-year sentence. For more than a year Prestes has been kept incommunicado. Nobody has seen or talked to him. His cell is near the one occupied by the former German Communist Deputy, Harry Berger, who went insane after horrible tortures. And only think, said Ghioldi, of the moral torture wreaked upon Luis Carlos Prestes.

Asked about his future plans, Ghioldi said, "I wish to rest for a while and to study. But there is something which must be done immediately—to save those whose lives are in danger in the prisons."



RODOLFO GHIOLDI

of Vargas. I am proud to have lived and fought with the Brazilian people and their best sons. I have pledged to do my utmost to work for the solidarity of the Brazilian and Argentine people, for their unity, for their strength, and to defend the peace of the Americas so seriously threatened by the war forces of international imperialism."

Germans Refuse Safe Conduct For U.S. Ships

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—The State Department disclosed today that Germany has refused to guarantee safe conduct for an American ship to repatriate 1,200 Americans from the British war zone, although her Axis partner, Italy, readily assented.

The German note, transmitted through the embassy here, said that "on the basis of the previous statement of the German government to the effect that the areas around England are areas of military operations, the Reich government is not in any position to furnish any sort of assurance of the nature requested."

Italians Start Major Push Against Greeks

Metaxas Claims Greece Has Edge on Foe in Fighting to Date

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to have captured about 50 Italians, including two officers, and two trucks.

ITALIANS CROSS KALAMAS, IS CLAIM

ROME, Nov. 7 (UP).—Italian divisions on the southern end of the Greek front have crossed the Kalamas River, an official communique said today, and Italian correspondents at the front said an Italian column in that region was threatening to cut off the main Greek forces fighting in Epirus.

The communique said that Italian planes working with the advancing divisions bombed and machine-gunned enemy fortified positions on the Janina-Kalabaki road and that other Italian squadrons bombed the regions of Florina and Lake Prespa in the north.

METAXAS CLAIMS EDGE IN FIGHTING

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 7 (UP).—Premier John Metaxas of Greece broadcast over the Athens radio tonight that after 10 days of Italo-Greek warfare the balance was in Greece's favor.

The Greek radio said that British aid is flowing to Greece "regularly and in accordance to plan."

Metaxas, addressing his remarks to citizens of the town of Volos after it had been bombed from the air, asserted that "Italian methods will stir our people to fight with ever greater recklessness and courage until the last battle is won."

He declared Italy had resorted to "mean, base methods" by attacking civilian populations of open towns.

POINTS TO ADVANCE

Metaxas said proof that the balance in the war lay with Greece could be seen in the number of prisoners taken and the Greek penetration of Albania.

GREEKS REPORT 30 MILES PUSH

SALONICA, Greece, Nov. 7 (UP).—Government quarters asserted early today that Greek troops, penetrating nearly 20 miles into Albania on the Florina-Kastoria front, had reached the neighborhood of Koritsa, Italian headquarters for the Macedonian front.

They asserted that after the series of Greek counter-attacks in recent days not an Italian soldier, except prisoners, remained on Greek soil at this part of the front.

Soviet Birthday Hailed by U. S. Communists

Foster and Browder in Cable Say Collaboration Between U.S. and U.S.S.R. Is 'Surest Way to Peace'; Hail Socialist Progress

In greetings cabled yesterday to the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in Moscow on the occasion of the 23rd anniversary of the great October Socialist Revolution the Communist Party of the United States hails the brilliant peace policy of Stalin and emphasizes the determination of American toilers to keep their own country out of war.

The cable, signed by William Z. Foster, chairman and Earl Browder, general secretary, points to "uninterrupted industrial, agricultural, advances" of the Soviet people and sees "friendship and close collaboration between our two great peoples the surest foundation for peace."

The cable follows:

"In the face of the spreading imperialist war and the chaos of the capitalist system, the 23rd anniversary of the great October Socialist Revolution is a source of vast encouragement and hope to the toiling masses who yearn for peace, freedom and security.

"The American working class has the warmest feelings for the Soviet Union and has watched with admiration the great skill and care of the Soviet Government in protecting its people from involvement in the horrors of imperialist war.

HOPE FOR U. S. WORKERS

"Watching the powerful Soviet Union, the toilers of America feel stronger in their determination to keep their own country at peace. Friendship and close collaboration between our two great peoples is the surest foundation for peace.

"In saying this we express the deepest feelings of the American masses who share with us the greatest joy over the brilliant peace policy of Stalin which has protected the world historic achievements of Socialism from all the schemes and plots of world imperialism and has thwarted the plans of the imperialists to trap the Soviet Union into pulling their imperialist chestnuts out of the fire.

"The working people of America who want peace and are haunted by the fear of war, who want jobs and are tormented by the miseries of unemployment, who want security and are distracted by the nightmare of uncertainty, are happy that you have led the Soviet people in showing the world how to achieve peace and plenty.

"We in America who have such advanced productive technique, and yet see our living standards constantly undermined, feel that the Soviet Union with its uninterrupted industrial, agricultural and cultural advances has a great deal to teach us in the matter of finding the social and economic forms which will put technique and science in the service of all the people.

"Warm and hearty congratulations on the 23rd anniversary of the immortal October Socialist Revolution.

"WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, Chairman.

"EARL BROWDER, General Secretary."

Foster, Browder Greet Rakosi on Liberation

Warmest greetings and congratulations were sent by the Communist Party of the United States yesterday to Mathias Rakosi, Hungarian Communist leader who was imprisoned 15 years by the ruling class of his country but who has been liberated and is now in Moscow, U.S.S.R. It said:

"Warmest congratulations and greetings upon your release. For 15 years the Hungarian ruling class kept you in its dungeons and tried to destroy the noblest son of the Hungarian working people. But the master, reckoned without your great Communist spirit; they reckoned without the working class of the world and especially the glorious Soviet Union.

"For 15 years they buried you in their dungeons, but they could not make us forget, just as we have not forgotten Thaelmann and

Prestes and the thousands of other heroes of the revolutionary working class buried in capitalist jails.

"During the 15 years they kept you in their prison vaults, your name was honored and remembered by every class conscious worker in America. We are jubilant over your liberation and to the greetings of our whole party we add our own heartfelt personal congratulations.

"WILLIAM Z. FOSTER, Chairman.

"EARL BROWDER, General Secretary."

ANNIVERSARY OF HEROIC DEFENSE OF MADRID

False Leaders Deserted But Spain's People, Led by C. P., Mobilized to a Man to Hold Fascism at Bay at City Gates

By Gregorio Cantos

November 7th marks the anniversary of the historic defense of Madrid. On that day in 1936 the masses of that great city decided to resist unto death the invading hordes of Franco's Moors and the Italian and German forces.

The Madrilenos learned from the Russian workers who twenty-three years ago overthrew the Czarist regime and defended Petrograd. To drive out the invaders meant to safeguard freedom and independence. But to attain victory, untold sacrifices were demanded.

The people of Madrid stood the test heroically. The best sons and daughters of the Madrilenos died so that the people's foe shall not pass: NO PASARAN! was the slogan of the Madrid people originated by Dolores Ibarruri (La Pasionaria).

The bridge "Puente de las Francesas" will remain popular in history and acclaimed by all freedom-loving people for the heroism displayed there by Madrid's defenders. This bridge stretched over the Manzanares River in the University City Sector. A major objective at that time was to prevent the crossing of this bridge. The people of Spain yet sing the popular song composed by the defending Militias: "El Puente de las Francesas, Mamita mia, nade te pasa porque los milicianos que bien te guardan." (The French Bridge, Mother dear, no one will cross, because the militia men guard well.) Today this song has different words, because of the Casado Betrayal: "Ya te han pasado porque los Casadistas te han traicionado" (Now it has been crossed because the Casadistas betrayed, Mother dear).

TRIUPLE ATTACK

From three roads the enemy converged on Madrid, from Vallejo, Carabanchel and Casa del Campo and the now famous University City. In November of 1936 there

was not yet an organized army. Only the militia men, Milicias, joined together from towns, villages and cities were in the actual service of the Popular Front Government.

There were not enough rifles to go around for the defenders of Madrid. "Three men and more to one rifle" was the slogan, and "take the rifle of the man who dies first." The Communist Party ordered the complete mobilization of its membership for front line duty. The trade unions mobilized their members. Whole districts in Madrid were completely emptied, the inhabitants answering the call to arms.

It was around the battle for the defense of Madrid on that historic date that the embryo of an army was established, the famous Fifth Regiment. It was organized on strictly military lines by the Communist Party of Spain and consisted of men from all trade unions and political parties. The military leaders directing the three fronts around Madrid were tried in the three and one half years of war: Modesto, Lister, Bueno, Ino Fernandez, Manuel Fernandez, Galan, Ortega, Gato; and from the International Brigades: Belmier, Hans and Duran. These and other people's army leaders learned the art of war in previous battles against reaction. They were entrusted then with the defense of Madrid and the defense of the Spanish people's freedom and independence.

The newly formed military forces exposed the bluff of Franco which was broadest the world over that he would drink his coffee at the Puerta del Sol (famous spot in Madrid) in the winter of 1936. Franco's hordes never penetrated Madrid!

Franco's boastfulness, however, did find an echo in the cowardly skins of some of the leaders of the mass organizations and of the government, with the exception of the true leaders of the Spanish people,



Madrid's Defenders: Three of the heroic defenders of Madrid during the days of November, 1936, when Gen. Franco's fascists were held at bay, are shown as they man a unit of the anti-aircraft guns in the city.

the Communist Party of Spain and the United Spanish Youth. Largo Caballero, then chief of the government and head of the War Department proclaimed that he had no confidence in the defense of Madrid. Like a yellow dog he sped away from the People's Madrid together with other government heads. They left neither arms nor orders behind.

Caballero and his sub-secretary General Asensio, with their hasty departure taught the people of Madrid an important lesson, which sometimes takes many years for others to learn, namely who are the real friends and sincere leaders of the people.

REAL LEADERS STAY

The Communist Party alone stood unflinching.

The fleeing of the government heads did not shake the confidence of the people in their power to resist the foe. Madrid was defended because all like one were united. The whole population became the fighting force. There re-

mained no rear. Madrid was turned into a battle-field. Men, women and children took to carrying out military orders from those leaders who remained with the resisting people. They built trenches, constructed barricades, delivered ammunition to the front, baked, cooked, cared for the wounded, etc. The departure of the government was like a fresh breath of air. People did not care about party differences. The one thought uppermost in everybody's mind was to defend the city.

At this crucial moment, the Spanish people felt the embrace of the strong arm of international solidarity. From all lands came thousands of volunteers, fighters for freedom. They came to Madrid from all continents to make Spain the tomb of international reaction and fascism. Hundreds of thousands of international volunteers came to Madrid. Some arrived at the City at night and went straight to the front, taking their places in the trenches alongside their Spanish comrades, many without even seeing the beautiful city they were defending.

Still more the people of Madrid gained confidence in their resistance from the splendid concrete help from the citadel of world freedom, the U. S. S. R. On that November 7th, the population of Madrid witnessed a sky covered with Russian-made "Catos" and other types of planes, which for the first time since July 18th drove off the enemy bombing planes sending many to the ground. In the trenches brand new machine-guns with plenty of ammunition made their appearance. Cannon and tanks came rolling along the streets on the way to the front.

What a contrast were these examples of international solidarity to the shameful conduct of the so-called democracies, France and England, who gave silent approval to the Italian and German intervention in Spain, and to the conduct of the Roosevelt government in clamping down an arms embargo against Republican Spain.

These events had tremendous political and military influence in the resistance struggle of Madrid. These were days when only the Communist Party and the United Socialist Youth remained at their posts, all others and those of the government having fled. The Communists for months insisted that the government organize the defense of Madrid, to create a regular army

and a unified command. The Communists insisted that an end be made to the lack of discipline among the militia-men and against those who fomented a spirit of defeat primarily the anarchist adventures, Trotskyites and Pasionaria elements. But these rear-guard enemies of the people were tolerated by the government; against them no action was taken.

BUILD PEOPLE'S MORALE

The defense of Madrid was not a spontaneous deed, nor was it an act of desperation. It was the conscious mobilization of the people, who, as the great leader of the Spanish people, the Secretary of the Communist Party of Spain, Comrade Jose Diaz, said, corrected the error of the government.

The Communist Party was not satisfied with this alone and began mobilizing itself for the needs of the moment, organizing the people for the defense of Madrid. The construction of trenches and barricades, setting up of the fifth regiment, establishing discipline, organizing resistance and establishing confidence in its own strength, all these immediate tasks were carried on, exemplified by the deed of the leaders and members of the Communist Party of Spain. The Communist Party of Spain made available to the broadest sections of the people, the showing of such Soviet films as "Chapayev" and "We Are From Kronstadt," thus giving the example of the victorious defenders of Petrograd in the Great October Revolution. The effect of these pictures was reflected in the formation of the first anti-tank groups who so courageously demolished enemy tanks in the battles to come. There also appeared the first political commissars in the army, who enthusiastically led the soldiers to battle, themselves the first to fall. All leaders of the Party, Jose Diaz, popularly called "Pepe" and Dolores Ibarruri (La

Pasionaria) were right there with the masses showing them how to win the war. All this made the victory of the people of Madrid possible on November 7th. Led by the Communist Party of Spain, the people united, knowing that their freedom was at stake.

FALSE COMPARISONS

The defense of Madrid cannot be compared as some bourgeois liberal writers do with Poland, Finland and London, because the defense of Madrid was a just war. The people of Madrid were fighting a war defending their freedom and independence against the international fascist invaders and that is why they were able to hold out for three years despite the non-intervention schemes of the so-called democracies.

With the defense of Madrid opened a new phase of the war in Spain. Their heroic resistance awakened the masses throughout the world to the danger of democracy, and the real meaning of anti-fascist struggle.

This solidarity movement reached great proportions and attracted to its diverse strata of the population. Bourgeois leaders of the United States with a nose for danger came into leadership of this popular movement, to bribe it and prevent its development into a movement as determined as that of the Spanish people themselves.

But Madrid was betrayed by the Casado Junta with the help of the so-called democratic governments of France and England. These governments directed the treachery of the Popular Front government of Spain and caused the loss of freedom and independence, the loss of lives more numerous than would have been the toll of the resistance to Franco and his foreign invading armies.

In the jails and concentration

(Continued on Page 8)

Michigan Goes to Willkie by 3,000 Votes

Nowak Soundly Defeats Ford-Sponsored Man for State Senate

By William Allan
(Special to the Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—With returns almost complete from the state's 3,632 precincts, the presidential race ended here with a majority for Wendell L. Willkie, giving him the state's electoral vote of 19.

With only three precincts missing, the Willkie vote stood at 1,028,087 and President Roosevelt's at 1,026,774.

The state had been placed in Roosevelt's column but later returns from strong Republican districts out-state, tipped the scale the other way.

In 1936 the president won the auto state by a majority of 317,000. The Communist vote will not be known for several days yet.

Victories were recorded for the Labor and progressive forces with the re-election of Congressman Tenerowitz who polled more than 81,000 votes to defeat Henry Ford's personal manager Donal Marshall who polled a sparse 20,000 votes.

State Senator Stanley Nowak soundly defeated another Ford-supported candidate by piling up over 50,000 votes to 20,000 for his opponent, Mayor Hawkins of Ecorse. Nowak also carried Mayor Hawkins own town of Ecorse.

NEGRO REELECTED

Outstanding Negro progressive Senator, Charles Diggs, again was returned to the state Senate polling more than 20,000 votes to his opponent's sparse 4,000. Most sensational defeat was that of Republican Congressman Clarence McLeod of the 13th District in Detroit. McLeod was defeated by Democrat George O'Brien—the vote was 54,326 for O'Brien and 41,668 for McLeod.

McLeod was the individual who introduced a bill to outlaw the Communist Party. He advocated concentration camps for the foreign born, and was the one who brought with-holding Martin Dies to speak in Detroit.

During the election campaign McLeod advocated in his speeches, the firing squad for "treachery against the U. S. government in time of war," meaning that opponents of war should be shot. He also called for life imprisonment for people belonging to "subversive organizations." Senator Vandenberg received the stiffest race in his political career. His opponent was Frank Fitzgerald who was sponsored by the Labor and progressive forces. Vandenberg won by a narrow margin far from the large majority he had in 1934.

Governor Loren Dickinson was defeated by Democrat Murray D. Van Wagener, with most of the Republican state ticket going down in defeat. Henry Ford's nephew, Robert Ford, was badly beaten running for Congressman in the west side, Ford territory. His opponent Congressman Lesinski, a mild progressive, who voted against conscription as had Tenerowitz, averaged 52,006 to Ford's 31,407.

In the city of Flint, five of the nine city councilmen who were endorsed by Labor unions, were elected. This Labor committee is composed of AFL and CIO unions.

Prosecutor Roach who led the fight in Flint to prosecute the people who signed Communist Party petitions, was defeated by a large majority.

Last minute returns show that the Republicans will have a majority in the state senate and legislature. With the Democrats having the majority of the state of officials.

A notable victory for Progressives was the election of Reverend Horace White, leading Negro progressive who was elected to the state legislature. State Senator Diggs—Negro Senator—was re-elected for the third time.

The results in Michigan show that thousands of voters split their ballots. The election is described by political analysts in Detroit as the "most peculiar election in the history of the state."

It was announced today that a large meeting of Labor leaders is planning by CIO leaders to discuss "The next steps in political action" in Michigan.

Four Upstate Children Die In House Fire

NORTH PATCHOGUE, N. Y., Nov. 7 (UP).—Four of Mrs. Grace Gordon's six children burned to death today as neighbors restrained the 23-year-old mother from dashing into her burning bungalow.

The victims were Anna, 4; Dorothy, 3; Norton, Jr., 13 months, and Irene, three months.

The husband, Norton Gordon, 36, a greenhouse employee, was at work when the fire started. He told police he believed the children had upset a tank of kerosene on the side of the lighted kitchen range while they were at play.

The surviving children, who were not at home, are Leonard, 6, and Nora, 2.

Election Watcher Finds C. P. Write-in Not Talled

Representative of Another Party Writes He Was 'Shocked' at Failure of Poll Officials to Count Ballot

The letter below, written by an election worker of another party who was watcher on Nov. 5, indicates the difficulty the Communist Party has to have its vote counted, even when voters go to the extent of writing in the name of their candidate, Earl Browder.

Refuses Names Of Communists In Court Trial

Pennsylvania Judge Tries To Put Party on Trial In "Fraud" Case

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 7.—An attempt to force Max Weiner, Pennsylvania legislative secretary of the Communist Party, to name the number of Communists in Dauphin County failed yesterday in Judge William M. Hargest's court, despite the judge's cooperation with the prosecution.

Mr. Weiner, one of three defendants on trial under charge of obtaining nominating petition signatures "fraudulently," refused to answer the question as to the number of Communists in Dauphin County, declaring:

"I refuse to answer because any disclosure opens them to unjust discrimination."

The gross cooperation between the judge and District Attorney Carl B. Shelley, reached its climax when Shelley appealed to the court:

"I think your honor should direct the witness to answer."

To which Judge Hargest replied: "I DID AND HE REFUSED. YOU KNOW WHAT TO DO NEXT."

Earlier in the day, when Defense Attorney Philip Dorfman protested that "we are not trying the Communist Party," Shelley shouted back:

"OH YES, WE ARE."

The other two defendants in the case, who will probably take the stand tomorrow, are Stephen G. Zvon and Oliver Milton.

Browder Vote Rises 30% In Boston

(Continued from Page 1)

For governor more than doubled his vote in 1938 in a number of communities, and on the basis of reports thus far, is maintaining an average rate of 70 per cent increase in the state.

In Boston, Hood was credited with 1,583 compared to 931 votes in 1938.

TOPS SOCIALISTS

In Boston, Hood polled as many votes as the Socialists, Socialist-Labor and Prohibition parties combined.

The Socialist vote in Boston for Campbell, S. P. candidate for governor, was 635 votes.

Philip Frankfield's votes as Communist candidate for U. S. Senate in Boston is incomplete.

In six industrial communities outside of Boston, Frankfield's vote for U. S. Senate reached 1,468. These cities included Cambridge, Somerville, Fall River, Lynn, New Bedford and Watertown.

N. Y. State Communists Raised \$278,000 Fund In 20 Weeks; \$22,000 Needed to Complete Drive

Announcing that Communist Party members in New York State raised over \$278,000 in the past 20 weeks, the Party's State Committee today called for a great collective effort to complete the drive for funds within the next three weeks.

Approximately \$22,000 must be raised before the \$300,000 goal is reached. This sum was described by the State Committee as indispensable because it "represents the amount of money the Party will have at its disposal to conduct the immediate struggle." The Committee called for the completion of all quotas.

The text of its statement follows:

"The Communist Party and the people of New York registered a magnificent achievement in raising \$278,136 in twenty weeks. This

The writer, who requested that the name be withheld, wrote:

Election Campaign Committee
Communist Party
35 East 12th St.
New York City.

Dear Sirs:

I am not a member of your Party, but I am a voter, and I was shocked to discover within my own experience that in addition to being deprived of a place on the ballot, your Party was not even having its written-in vote properly counted.

In the election district where I was a watcher, after the final check-up had been made and all the vote totals left off, I asked about the write-in vote, because I saw at least one name scrawled on the roll of paper that carries such write-ins. The chairman said, "Oh, yes, one vote for Browder." I said: "But you can't tell without unrolling the whole roll how many there are, can you, and besides there might be other write-ins for some other candidates." Whereupon they fished up their printed instructions and discovered that where the write-in roll gave evidence of having been turned past a certain mark—in other words, if there had been a single write-in vote of any kind—the roll was to be unscrewed, removed, unrolled, etc., and the vote recorded. This was thereupon done, and six votes were tallied for Browder. But it would never have been done unless someone asked for it, and I am sure that in countless districts these votes are going by default.

In at least one district where a friend of mine was watcher, there was one write-in for Browder, he told me, and they were going to erase and ignore it. He, being a watcher for another party, did not dare incriminate himself by protesting.

Rome Renews Attack On Switzerland Press

ROME, Nov. 7 (UP).—Renewed attacks on the Swiss press today were highlighted by a warning in the *Gazzetta del Popolo* that Switzerland "may suddenly find herself confronted by the uncomfortable experience which Greece is suffering."

The fascist press accused Switzerland of adopting a pro-British attitude and anti-Italian stand concerning the war between Italy and Greece.

Button Workers Picket Company

A mass picket line of 350 paraded outside the Sterling Button Co., 214 W. 39th St., between noon and 12:30 P. M. yesterday. The pickets represented the United Wholesale and Warehouse Employees of New York. Thirty employees of the button firm have been on strike thirteen weeks, seeking a contract covering wages, hours and working conditions.

U.S. Embassy Clerk Is Sentenced As Spy

LONDON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Tyler Kent, former clerk in the U.S. Embassy, today was convicted of sending the contents of secret documents to Germany and was sentenced to seven years imprisonment.

Anna Wolfson, daughter of a Czarist Russian admiral, who was associated with Kent, also was convicted on similar charges and sentenced to 10 years.



4 Months After Keel Laid: The Oklahoma, new 14,000-ton tanker, slides down the ways at Chester, Pa. The keel of the 513-foot vessel was laid on June 27 this year. The ship will be ready for her trial trip next month.

Browder Vote in Union County, N. J., Rises 700%

Also Polls 941 in 8 Connecticut Counties; Social-Democratic Candidates Lose Heavily; Many Unionists Elected

Detroit Police Grill Unionists For 36 Hours

(Special to the Daily Worker)

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—Detroit detectives acting in Gestapo fashion arrested two workers Paul Brooks and Vic Allen, Monday afternoon, held them without friends being allowed to see them, fingerprinted and photographed them and released them after 36 hours in jail.

The arrested men, Paul Brooks, militant UAW-CIO worker from Murray Body local and Vic Allen, Spanish war veteran who lost an arm fighting fascism, are well known Detroit progressives.

A delegation of trade unionists and members of the Civil Rights Federation headed by Rev. Owen E. Knox are scheduled to see Detroit Police Commissioner Egan, Thursday morning to demand an explanation of the illegal arrests and ransacking without search-warrants of apartment of the two workers.

The detectives pushed their way into the apartment of Brooks and Allen Monday afternoon at 3:30 P. M. and when asked by Brooks if they had a warrant for their actions waved their fists in his face and said, "This is our warrant."

RANSACK HOMES

They also added that their "reason" for breaking into the apartment was that "two guns are located here." In a statement to Civil Rights officials today Brooks and Allen stated that the house was ransacked from top to bottom, boxes and suitcases were busted open and personal letters and literature was taken away.

The farcical charge that "guns were located in the house" was completely exposed when the two men hand-cuffed were taken to a local precinct station. There after a whispered consultation between the desk sergeant and one of the detectives, the arrested workers were booked on "violating the U.S. Federal Code."

Later they were told that "the Federal agents will pick you up later." Union receipts and election material belonging to Paul Brooks, active unionist in the Murray Body local were also confiscated by the raiders.

No questioning of the arrested men was made either at the precinct police station or later when they were taken to the Central Police headquarters. At 10 A. M. Wednesday morning they were released without any explanation after being in jail for 36 hours.

Today it was announced that a suit for false arrest and confiscation of personal property was to be launched against the raiding police office.

N. Y. State Communists Raised \$278,000 Fund In 20 Weeks; \$22,000 Needed to Complete Drive

but the drive to remove the Party from the ballot. In the subsequent hours an additional \$4,000 was contributed.

"This mobilization showed clearly that the Party can rely on the people in an emergency and that the people can rely upon the Party. It is achievements like these that lay the base for future victories and build up an invaluable store of mutual confidence between the Party and the people."

"The job however, is not finished. Approximately \$22,000 must still be raised. This is an indispensable sum. It represents the money the Party will have at its disposal to conduct the immediate struggle. It must be raised with the same speed as the bulk of the funds."

"Now that the restraints of the election struggle have been removed the nation expects a more

Teamsters Win Walkout at World's Fair

AFL Building Trades Workers at Conference With LaGuardia Win All Demands From Park Dept; Work Begins Today

Striking World's Fair teamsters, plumbers and house-reckers won their walkout yesterday when Park Department officials granted their demands yesterday at a conference with Mayor LaGuardia and demolition work will begin again this morning.

The strike began on Oct. 29 when union men objected to fair demolition work being done by city employees and the hauling of material on Park Department trucks. The Mayor at first refused to enter negotiations but agreed to intervene on Wednesday.

It was agreed at yesterday's conference that there would be no removal of fair material from the grounds in Park Department trucks except shrubs and other plants which need special attention.

The plumbers were assured that all "winterizing" such as the changing over of pipes and the elimination of other piping would be done by union men.

The house-reckers were assured by Howard O. Flanagan, executive vice-president of the Fair that their grievances on demolition being done by non-union men would be "corrected."

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Thomas A. Murray, president of the AFL building and construction

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2 Million March In Soviet Parade; Stress Neutrality

Anniversary Celebration Is Demonstration of Progress of Socialism and Determination of People to Defend It

(Continued from Page 1)

living testimony to the tremendous might of the USSR, to whom they are indebted for their freedom.

Present also were representatives of foreign countries, diplomats, military attaches, and foreign journalists.

Troops of the Moscow garrison were lined up on the Square in perfect formation in their winter uniforms and their new warm winter helmets trimmed with grey fur. The silence was broken by thunderous applause as Joseph V. Stalin, V. M. Molotov, Kliment Voroshilov, M. S. Budenny, Mikhail I. Kalinin, L. Kaganovich, George Dimitroff, and other leaders of the Communist Party and the Soviet Government mounted the tribune over the Lenin Mausoleum.

Promptly at 11:00 A. M. Semyon Timoshenko, Commissar of Defense, galloped on to the Square. He reviewed the military forces and received the report of General Tyulenev, Commander of the troops in the Moscow military area. Timoshenko then greeted the Red Army men and commanders, workers, collective farmers and intellectuals gathered in Moscow, and the representatives of the Estonian, Lithuanian, and Latvian Republics and of Bessarabia and North Bukovina, who were on the Square.

CALLS FOR VIGILANCE

On this day, celebrated by the whole Soviet people under conditions of peace and of new socialist achievements, he called on the people to reinforce the defense capacity of the Soviet Country, and stated that the greatest vigilance is the duty of every Soviet citizen. On behalf of the whole Red Army, the Central Committee of the Communist Party, and the Soviet Government, Marshal Timoshenko firmly declared that the Red Army and the Red Navy are prepared to answer any attempt to violate the Soviet borders with a crushing blow to all their forces.

The speech was followed by the Internationale played by a 1,200-piece military band, and the traditional cannon salute from the Kremlin.

The military parade then began, and for two hours the people on the stands watched the parade of the tremendous might of the Red Army. First came the Red Army men and students of the Moscow military academies, marching past the Mausoleum with their bayoneted guns glinting in the sunlight. Men and women aviators, Red Navy men, a division of old Red Partisans and Red Guards, and a proletarian division, came in endless streams.

MODERN ARMS

Then came the most modern armaments created by the heroes of free socialist labor — anti-aircraft guns, motor-hauled long range guns, armored cars and tanks ranging from swift whippets to enormous land dreadnaughts, testifying to the magnificent technique of the Soviet armed forces.

But November the Seventh is not only a review of the armed forces of the Soviet Union. It is a great demonstration of the creative forces and abilities of the working people, who by their labor at machine or in scientific laboratory created wealth for the Socialist Country. As the last tanks passed through the Square and as hundreds of bombers and fighter planes roared overhead, the first columns of people entered the Square, a surging mass of joyous humanity.

They came from steel and auto plants, from railroad shops and city transport, from textile and candy factories. Young sportsmen and sports women, teachers and students, women, youth, and children, poured through the Square in well-organized columns. They carried banners and portraits of the Soviet leaders, red flags and flowers, and, singing and cheering, they greeted their beloved leaders as they passed the mausoleum, happy to express their deep love for Stalin, leader of the Soviet people, and catch a glimpse of him as he waved to them from the tribune.

MANY NEW VICTORIES

The rejoicing on the part of the Soviet people on this 23rd anniversary of the October Revolution was heightened by the fact that the past year has brought many new victories. Hundreds of banners carried by factory workers told of their achievements in the sphere of production, the growth of the Stakhanov movement, the strengthening of labor discipline and their readiness to defend the Country of Socialism.

Banners greeted the Soviet Trade unions, and called for a further advance in Soviet science, culture, art, and education. They hailed the foreign policy of the Soviet Union, the policy that has guaranteed peace and security for the Soviet people, and greeted the five new Soviet republics and the friendship that binds together all the peoples of the U. S. S. R.

Slogans greeted the Red Army as the mighty and powerful bulwark for the labor of the Soviet people. The marching columns demon-

strated their true solidarity with oppressed and exploited mankind the world over, and greeted the Communist International as the organizer of the struggle for the victory of the working people.

DUTIES IMPOSED

On November the Seventh these free and happy people were demonstrating the words uttered by Kalinin only the night before, in a speech broadcast through the whole Soviet Union, that "the present international situation does not allow us to remain impartial onlookers and calm observers of developments. This situation imposes responsible duties on every citizen. The Soviet Union is the only Socialist State in the world. For the first time in history, the working people have their real fatherland. Our first and uppermost duty is to further consolidate the economic and defensive might of the Socialist Fatherland."

On this historic day, as the people proudly marched through the Red Square, flanked on one side by the Lenin Mausoleum, with Stalin and his comrades-in-arms on the tribune, and on the other side by the huge banners, in Russian, English, Spanish, German, French, and Chinese, with the immortal slogan, "Workers of All Countries, Unite!" More than a million and a half Soviet people, advance guard of the international working class, were demonstrating the invincibility of the cause of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, the invincibility of the great creative abilities of the working people.

DIPLOMATS WATCH GREAT PARADE

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 (UP).—The Soviet Union paraded her armed might through Red Square today in celebration of the 23rd anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution after proclaiming her own neutrality in a spreading "capitalist war."

In clear autumn weather 50,000 soldiers, 800 airplanes and 2,000 civilians participated in the anniversary of the "Ten Days that Shook the World" 23 years ago.

The parade past the Kremlin presented a riot of gay colors against a scarlet and red backdrop. Infantry, cavalry, artillery, and mechanized units rolled past the reviewing stand while many types of airplanes roared overhead. It was noted that 300 women aviators participated.

"FOR PEACE, NEUTRALITY"

In a speech before massed troops in Red Square Semyon Timoshenko, Marshal of the Army and Commissar of Defense, said that Soviet policy was one of peace and neutrality.

But he urged increased vigilance and preparedness because of the international situation.

In the parade today there were several new types of guns, including long-range heavy caliber artillery units transported mechanically in three parts.

During the parade several medium-sized tanks dashed through Red Square at 30 miles per hour, their roaring echoing from the Kremlin's walls.

TROOPS WELL-DRILLED

Many varieties of anti-aircraft guns were featured in the demonstration. They were carried on trailers attached to trucks on which rode gun crews of 16 members each.

Thirty-six giant searchlights which moved along in the parade were followed by 1,000 motorcycles, on each of which a machine gun had been mounted.

The marching troops were dressed in long, heavy grey coats and winter fur caps. The soldiers marched abreast, presenting imposing legions of well-drilled manpower.

Red Square was jammed to capacity with spectators, as was the special diplomatic tribune.

U. S. ENVOY WATCHES

U. S. Ambassador Laurence A. Steinhardt, with his wife and daughter Anna, was present among other diplomats.

Although most diplomats left the square after the military parade, Sir Stafford Cripps, British Ambassador, and his wife, remained to witness the long civilian parade, which lasted three hours.

Maxim Litvinov, former foreign commissar, was present at the parades, dressed in civilian clothes and wearing a cap. He entered the square with General Vasily Ulrich, President of the Military Tribunal of the Supreme Court.

Stalin, leading a group of eight Party heads, briskly strode past Lenin's Tomb, mounted the parapet and saluted the cheering throng. He wore a semi-military great-coat and his customary cap.

190-Ft. High Bridge Crashes At Tacoma

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 7.—The \$6,400,000 Tacoma Narrows suspension bridge broke in half today.

Parts of the huge span went cascading 190 feet into Puget Sound. No person was on it when it fell.



Night Falls at Grand Coulee: Work goes on at the Grand Coulee Dam after dark, as indicated by this recent shot. The largest single remaining task is the installation of 11 huge drum fates at the crest of the spillway section. These gates will regulate the upper 25-foot level of water in the reservoir. By the end of the year the first power will be available from two 10,000 kilowatt house units.

Diplomats Jam Soviet Embassy on Anniversary

High Ranking Officials and Washington Society Turn Out for Official Reception in Celebration of 1917 Revolution

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Washington's diplomatic corps, including high-ranking emissaries of the United States, Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Turkey, China and Japan, jammed the palatial Russian Embassy tonight for a reception celebrating the anniversary of the 1917 Russian Revolution.

In contrast to last year when the annual affair was virtually boycotted, more than 900 persons, including Undersecretary of State and Mrs. Sumner Welles, attended the two-hour event.

Tonight was reminiscent of the first such reception, held in 1934 after the United States formally recognized the Soviet Union. Virtually every embassy and legation was represented by its highest ranking envoys, and all shook hands warmly with Ambassador and Mrs. Constantine Oumansky.

The guests crowded the entire three floors of the gayly decorated embassy. Many found it difficult to get to the bar and tables because of the crowd.

Persons high in Washington's swank society rubbed elbows with the diplomats, including the Italian Ambassador, the Turkish Ambassador, ranking Japanese, the Hungarian Minister and the Finnish Minister.

Great Britain was represented by a large group of embassy officials. Lord Lothian, the British Ambassador, is in London.

Among the first guests to arrive were Dr. Hans Thomsen, German Charge d'Affaires, his military aide and the embassy staff. Prince Colonna, the Italian Ambassador, also was an early arrival.

The Ambassador and Mrs. Oumansky received with broad smiles. Mrs. Oumansky wore a blue dress with an orchid at her shoulder.

Other high-ranking Americans attending included Roy Henderson and Edward Page of the European Division of the State Department.

Darcy Goes Back to California Today to Face Witchhunt Charge by Open Shop Spokesmen

By Sam Putnam

(Special to the Daily Worker)

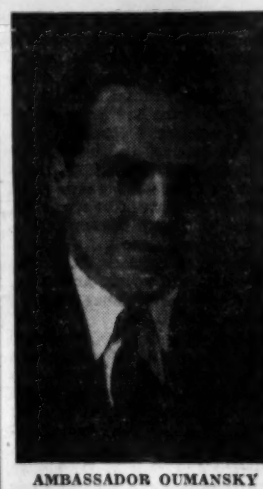
PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Sam Darcy, Eastern Pennsylvania district secretary of the Communist Party, will surrender tomorrow 10 A. M. at the court of Federal Judge George A. Welsh whence he will be escorted to California.

His extradition to California, to stand trial on a minor technicality in his registration in that state in 1934, comes after the U. S. Supreme Court refused to review his appeal.

Attorney Saul C. Waldbaum, one of a staff of four who defended Darcy here, will accompany the Communist leader to the west coast.

The brutal, vindictive character of the action that is being taken against Darcy is indicated by the flat refusal of District Attorney Brady to permit the Communist leader to make the journey to San Francisco without police "escort" in order that he might be accompanied by his wife and two-year-old son.

Darcy had offered to go voluntarily; and the Committee for People's Rights of Philadelphia, under leadership of the distinguished liberals, Josephine Truslow Adams and Anna M. Pennypacker, had urged that he be permitted to do



AMBASSADOR OUMANSKY

Turks Uncover Big Spy Ring, Reports Say

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 7 (UP).—Travelers arriving from Turkey today reported that the Turks had uncovered the largest spy ring exposed since the war began and that 35 persons, including two Germans and a number of other foreigners, had been arrested by Turkish authorities in Istanbul and its suburbs.

"Special precautions were taken to leave all equipment in perfect working order at the time the strike was called," Ohl said.

"In a further effort to scotch in advance any possible charges of this nature, the strikers were careful to leave all instructions books and diagrams in their proper places so they would be readily available."

The charge against Darcy is in connection with his electoral registration in March, 1934. It is claimed that, at this time, he gave a name which was not his own and that he falsely stated that he was the Ukraine. Judge Welsh, however, in the opinion which he handed down on November 30, 1939, pointed out that Darcy (whose birth name was Dardeck) had for years been speaking, writing, and engaging in political activity in various parts of the country under his adopted name, and that, accordingly:

ALL IN KEEPING

All of which is quite in keeping with the character of the Darcy case throughout, which some months ago led even the conservative Philadelphia Evening Bulletin's columnist, Ralph Page, to observe that "this is a prime example of a barefaced lie."

Further light on the nature of the proceedings is shed by the "doubt" which was expressed by California's Governor Olson in asking for Darcy's extradition, and by the "misgivings" of Federal Judge George A. Welsh before whom habeas corpus proceedings were heard nearly a year ago.

The latter gave it as his opinion that Darcy was an "honest voter" and entitled to the use of the name under which he had registered — and under which, at the time, he

RAF Blasts Italian Port On Adriatic

Naval Docks and U-Boat Bases Hit, British Airmen Claim

CAIRO, Nov. 7 (UP).—Royal Air Force bombers heavily raided military objectives in Brindisi, Italian port on the Adriatic, last night, a communiqué of the R. A. F. Near East headquarters said tonight.

The naval dockyard, submarine and destroyer bases and the main railway junction and sidings were attacked and many bombs were seen to burst in the target area, the communiqué said. A large fire was said to have been started between the naval dockyard and the railway terminus. Pilots said they saw bomb explosions in the dockyard and fires started among buildings along the railway.

An earlier communiqué of the British general headquarters here said that a British column with R. A. F. support surprised and captured Gallabat in the Sudan on Wednesday morning, taking a number of prisoners. An Italian counter-attack later in the day was said to have been repulsed.

WOV Strikers Blast Charge

Hyla Kiczales, manager of radio Station WOV, was accused by Leonard Ohl, vice president of the broadcast department of the American Communications Association, CIO, of making sabotage charges against the ACA strikers at the station in order to discredit the walkout.

"Special precautions were taken to leave all equipment in perfect working order at the time the strike was called," Ohl said.

"In a further effort to scotch in advance any possible charges of this nature, the strikers were careful to leave all instructions books and diagrams in their proper places so they would be readily available."

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"He had the right, under the laws of that state (California), to use the name of Sam Darcy or any other name than the one he bore at birth, without recourse to legal proceedings."

His registration took place in the midst of a period of hysteria cre-

Nazis Step Up Air Attack On London

Wednesday Bombing Is Called One of Biggest Since Raids Started

LONDON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Defense guns fired briskly into the clear sky over London tonight against German raiders stepping up to full blits intensity the air offensive against Britain.

Aerial skirmishes along the southeast coast had turned back invading planes during the day and given the capital a chance to give first aid to sufferers in the long and one of the most ferocious attacks of the war Wednesday night.

Seven raiders were reported shot down during the day against the loss of five British planes, all of whose pilots were saved.

Long range German guns on the French coast bombarded the Dover area at intervals for more than two hours. Shells crashed at many points in "Hell's Corner," rocking buildings in Dover.

RAF BLASTS BERLIN FACTORY

LONDON, Nov. 7 (UP).—Flying blind through heavy clouds and storms, British warplanes bombed an aviation motor factory in a Berlin suburb and attacked other German objectives vital to military provisioning and transport Wednesday night, the Air Ministry reported tonight.

Railway freight yards northwest of the German capital also were bombed, the ministry said, but the overcast made detailed observation of the results impossible.

Among the objectives of the Royal Air Force's latest forays into Germany and German-held territory were said to have been three of the Reich's main inland harbors — Duisburg, Mannheim and Ludwigshafen, all on the Rhine.

Also raided were oil refineries at Leuna and Hamburg, a railway junction at Pretsch, railway yards at Hamm, Mainz and Cologne, a factory 20 miles northeast of Cologne, factories near Düsseldorf, the airport at Bolita and the dock area at Dunkerque.

BERLIN CLAIMS MANY SHIPS SUNK

BERLIN, Nov. 7 (UP).—German bombing planes and coastal guns have sunk two ships and crippled a cruiser and 17 other vessels during the last 36 hours in a stepped-up offensive against British shipping, Nazi spokesmen claimed tonight.

The reports told of "successful" bombing attacks, on four convoys during the day, assaults on three convoys and a single ship Wednesday, and bombardment of craft in the English Channel by long-range guns mounted on the French coast.

At the same time the High Command and other sources said that the air ships of Britain was continuing, with bombers attacking London "several times" during the day and raids made on many other targets in England.

HIT CRUISER

Informed sources claimed that a cruiser was "heavily hit" in an attack on a convoy in the Thames estuary today.

Also said to have been blasted in the same attack were a 4,000-ton ship which went down, an 8,000-ton ship which was badly damaged by a hit forward, and a 5,000-ton craft.

Another severe blow purportedly was struck northwest of Norwich, where all six ships in a convoy were hit. Two steamers were reported set afire, another hit amidships, and a 6,000-ton ship "particularly heavily hit."

'Reelect Lewis' Is Stand of N.Y. C.I.O. Council

Affiliated Unions of Powerful CIO Body Adopts Resolution Urging Lewis as Head of National Organization

The Greater New York Industrial Union Council at its regular meeting with delegates representing 200 affiliated unions at Hotel Diplomat, last night adopted a resolution calling for re-election of John L. Lewis as head of the CIO.

The resolution expressing the sentiment of 400,000 CIO members in New York City, is to be introduced at the Atlantic City Convention of the CIO on Nov. 18. It resolves that the convention "reelect as president and leader of our great movement John L. Lewis."

"That we call upon John L. Lewis to respond as he has in the past to the wishes and desires of the members of the CIO, to the pleadings of those unorganized yet to be organized, to the hopes of all who strive for peace for our land and by continuing to carry the mantle of leadership of labor in America."

SEVEN POINT PROGRAM

The "resolve" of the resolution is preceded with a seven point program for peace, protection of labor rights and progressive legislation, a fight in which the CIO "through its president and champion" has "given singular leadership."

A second resolution adopted by the delegates and submitted for

submission at Atlantic City demands that no defense contracts be given to any firms which are found guilty of violating the National Labor Relations Act.

Two other resolutions were adopted for submission at Atlantic City. One was for cooperation with youth organizations for the interests of the labor movement and progressive policies; the other was on unity in the labor movement.

The latter reiterated the position stated by the CIO several times declaring that it favors unity but "without surrender of those principles of industrial organization or the gains of labor made possible through the principles and program of the CIO."

The resolution further reaffirms the proposal Lewis made for a joint convention of the AFL and CIO unions with the railroad brotherhoods.

Rakosi, Weinberger Joyously Welcomed By Soviet Workers

By Janet Weaver

(Wireless to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Nov. 7.—"Our fraternal greetings to our class brothers, prisoners of capital, fighters for the emancipation of the working class throughout the world." This slogan—one of those issued by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union for the celebration of November 7 and which appears

hands stretched out to him, arms embraced him. One could recognize him from pictures, although the years in prison had aged him and his face, though happy on this occasion, looked tired and worn.

As they left the station they paused on the steps and raised clenched fists of greeting to the crowd that had gathered to meet them. Then, practically covered with flowers, they left in cars that were waiting for them.

For over 15 years, Rakosi has been completely isolated from the world. During those years he never lost hope, never doubted that he would be freed. He never doubted that the cause of the working class, for which he had been fighting since he was a young man, would be triumphant.

Today at the age of 46 he comes to the Soviet Union where the cause to which he dedicated his life has been victorious.

Lov, formerly Lemberg, a city ruled by Polish reactionaries, has so changed today that he hardly recognized it. The reception he received there from the Soviet people was overwhelming.

PROFOUND SYMBOL The liberation of these two men on the very eve of the anniversary of the October Revolution is a simple and human symbol of the meaning of the anniversary.

And bringing these two fighters from the dungeons of prison to a land of freedom is the clearest and most dramatic expression of the solidarity of the Soviet people with the toiling people throughout the world.

Their arrival in the Soviet capital on this historic day and their reception by the Soviet people is a profound token of the fellowship of the free Soviet people with the working class of all countries.

The November 7 demonstration in Moscow will show the achievements and victories of the cause of socialism for which Rakosi and Weinberger fought all their lives and which, during their 15 years in prison, they profoundly knew would triumph.

"My convictions remain unshaken," said Rakosi at his trial in court. "I am and I remain a Communist, a disciplined fighter of my Party. I know that the future belongs to us."

DIES STOOGE SULLIVAN Another peculiar feature of the case is, that although Darcy remained in the state for a year and a half afterwards, no action of any kind was brought against him until September 6, 1935, when he had left California.

Extraordinary proceedings were started when, in Pittsburgh, Edward F. "Jailbird" Sullivan, a man with a police record and Martin Dies' former "investigator," suddenly "discovered" Darcy's presence in the state.

"Jailbird" Sullivan now stepped forward as "complainant" and wired the chief of police of San Francisco. The latter at once asked for Darcy's arrest and application for a writ of extradition was made to Governor Olson.

Meanwhile, under the leadership of the Committee for People's Rights, all true liberals of Philadelphia and the State had joined with Communist Party members in organizing the Darcy defense fight.

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Quill Heads Speakers at N. Y. Peace Rally

Other Noted Leaders at Boro Rallies

IWO Here Calls for Full Support to Nov. 11 Anti-War Meetings

Michael J. Quill, president of the Transport Workers Union, CIO, will be the principal speaker at the Armistice Day Peace Rally of the New York Council, American Peace Mobilization, at Mecca Temple Monday night.

Spokesmen for the council yesterday released a statement from Dave Green, city secretary of the International Workers Order, calling upon all members of that organization to participate in the meeting.

"The issue of war or peace is the main issue before the people of the nation today," said Green.

RIGHTS MENACED

"As the country is driven nearer and nearer to the brink of entry into the slaughter provoked by the imperialists the danger to the civil and political rights of the people becomes greater.

"The movement of American destroyers in Caribbean waters is the most war-like step that the administration warmongers have made yet. Conscription is getting under way at a rapid pace and only a determined people's peace movement will keep this country from involvement in the war."

The trade unions have responded strongly to the call for the rally, leaders of the APM said yesterday. There are 45 peace committees in New York's AFL and CIO locals.

Other speakers at Monday's rally will be John P. Davis, National Negro Congress; Katharine Tarrill, Council for Social Action of the Congregational Churches of America; Rabbi Moses Miller, Jewish Peoples Committee; Dr. Belle V. Dodd, American Federation of Teachers; and Jack McMichael, American Youth Congress.

YOUTH LEADER SPEAKS IN BRONX

Mala Turchen, secretary of the American Student Union, will be one of the principal speakers at a Bronx Armistice Day peace meeting to be held Monday in Herman Ridder Jr. High School, 173 St. and Boston Road, at 8:30 P. M.

Other speakers at the meeting, sponsored by the Bronx Division of the American Peace Mobilization, will include Rev. Hawkins, pastor of St. Augustine's Church, and Rabbi Plotkin.

NOTED SPEAKERS IN BROOKLYN

Declaring the people are realizing that "the drive to war can be halted by their thunderous command to the war makers to stop their plots and machinations to involve this country in another bloody and futile conflict," Tom Jones, chairman of the New York Division of the American Youth Congress yesterday accepted invitation to speak at the Armistice Day Peace Rally to be held at the Brooklyn Academy of Music Monday evening.

The peace rally, sponsored by the Brooklyn Division of the American Peace Mobilization, will also hear Frederick N. Myers, national organizer of the National Maritime Union; Shamus O'Sheal, poet and literary critic; Bernard Harkavy, national executive secretary of the Jewish Peoples Committee; and Peter Mazze, chairman of the Rank and File Committee of the International Longshoremen's Association.

UNION LEADERS SPEAK IN DETROIT

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—An Armistice Day peace mobilization will be held here, Mon. Nov. 11, at the Fort Wayne Hotel at 7:30 P. M., where August Scholle, Michigan CIO regional director, and Donald Henderson, international president of the United Canery and Agricultural Union CIO, will be the main speakers.

Also speaking and participating in the Peace Day meeting will be two of Michigan's newly elected state Senators, Stanley Nowak and Charles Diggs. Chairman of the meeting will be the well-known Michigan attorney Walter M. Nelson.

The call to the rally states that the purpose of the meeting is to "build peace clubs in every neighborhood, union, church and interested group." A permanent executive committee will be elected.

Toohey to Speak in Chicago on Election Analysis

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Pat Toohey, state chairman of the Illinois Communist Party, will report on "The Results of the 1940 Election Struggles and the Tasks Ahead" to an open membership meeting of the Young Communist League, here, next Tuesday, Nov. 12, at 7:30 P. M., at the West Hall of Ashland Auditorium, 328 S. Ashland Boulevard.

Jim Crow in Army to Stay, Stimson Says as Chicago Union Condemns Official Discrimination

(Special to the Daily Worker)
CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Reiterating their firm opposition to Jim Crow in the Army, Local 356, of the Federated Hotel Waiters Union, AFL, today made public a letter received from Secretary of War Stimson acknowledging and upholding the segregation of Negroes in the Army.

41 AFL, CIO Unions Hit War Contract Policy

Poll in Jersey Brings Protest in Favors to NLRA Violators

(Special to the Daily Worker)
NEWARK, Nov. 7.—Officials of 41 AFL and CIO local unions, throughout New Jersey, representing an estimated 80,000 workers, have gone on record by means of a postcard poll protesting the awarding of government contracts to corporations violating the Federal labor laws.

The poll was initiated by the Anti-Injunction League, an organization of AFL and CIO unions founded to fight the vicious practice prevalent in New Jersey of harassing labor unions with court orders restraining them from picketing and organizational work. The League sent out a postcard ballot along with its convention call and within one week received 41 replies.

Unions whose officers signed included: Railway Carmen, Carpenters, Garment Workers, Pressmen, Typists, Barbers, Brewers, Molders, Textile Workers, Agricultural Workers, Smelters and Refiners, Newspapermen, Electrical Workers, Retail Clerks, Steel Workers, Chemical Workers, Furniture Workers, and Rubber Workers.

The card read: "I oppose the practice of awarding government contracts to proven violators of federal labor laws; and protest this use of tax money to reward flagrant law breakers. I urge President Roosevelt to issue an Executive Order barring government contracts to all firms which do not abide by the federal labor laws and that this policy be made retroactive."

Dr. Ward Speaks Here Nov. 15 on U.S.-Soviet Union

Speaking on "American-Soviet Understanding," Dr. Harry P. Ward will be one of a group of prominent speakers to address a mass meeting to be held in Manhattan Center Friday evening, Nov. 15.

Other speakers at the meeting, to be held under the auspices of the American Committee for Friendship with the Soviet Union, will include Dr. Corliss Lamont, Julia Ward Kolar and Dr. Thomas L. Harris.

One-Third of Nations' Youth in Ill Health, U. S. Army Records Show

By Louise Mitchell

When President Roosevelt told the nation that one-third of the nation was ill-fed and ill-clothed, he forgot to mention the one-third in ill-health. When he threw over the national health program for the war, he failed to consider that sick men make very bad soldiers.

Army officials are extremely disturbed with the state of health of recruits. One-third of the volunteers applying for enlistment have been turned down due to bad health. This tremendous proportion is a serious threat to an effective war program.

In a preliminary statistical report on the causes for rejection due to physical defects in the regular Army of the United States, these shocking figures were revealed, reports the Journal of the American Medical Association in its Oct. 12 issue.

The report covers a three-month period, June, July and August, 1940, of applicants examined in the Southern New York District of the Second Corps Area, which includes New York City proper. This proportion of ill-health will likely be greater in the rural areas since the large cities have, insufficient as they may be, better health facilities.

Dr. George E. Leone, Captain in the Medical Corps of the United States Army, who served as medical inspector for recruiting, reports in his article in the Journal, that the applicants were recruited during the summer campaign and included young men

Henry C. Roberts, president of Local 356, said Stimson's letter received by the local in reply to a resolution protesting discrimination in the army.

"Our Local feels that National Defense without democracy for all the people is defeating the very purpose for which it is intended," Mr. Roberts declared.

"There can be no National Defense when one part of the nation is deliberately pitted against the other, for a house divided against itself must fall."

DEFENDS SEGREGATION

The letter from the War Secretary to Local 356 declared in part:

"The policy of the War Department is not to intermingle colored and white enlisted personnel in the same regimental organizations. This policy has been proven satisfactory over a long period of years and to make changes would produce situations destructive to morale and detrimental to the preparations for national defense."

"The colored units of the Regular Army are going concerns, accustomed through many years to the present system. Their morale is splendid, their rate of reenlistment is exceptionally high, and their field training is well advanced."



Fire Levels a Block

In a Pennsylvania City. Firemen fighting a blaze which, driven by high winds, swept through a block of buildings in Braddock, Pa. Six homes, a fraternal hall, two business structures and a large garage were destroyed by the flames. Damage was estimated at over \$150,000.

Protect Drafted Workers, Capital CIO Council Asks

Calls on Forthcoming CIO Convention to Adopt a Constructive Program to Aid Draftees, Demand Army Pay Rise

(Special to the Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, D.C., Nov. 7.—The Washington Industrial Union Council, CIO, last night called upon the forthcoming national convention of the CIO to adopt a "constructive program for the welfare of all workers affected by the draft."

PROPOSALS

The resolution, approved by the council, included the following points: That the appeals procedure assure open hearings, presentation of evidence and the right of the selectee to be represented by counsel; that unmistakable provisions be made for reinstatement on their job and, if that is not probable, that adequate unemployment compensation be paid; that military pay be increased so that it will be comparable to pay in industry; that any loss in pay by the selectee shall be made up by the employer; that a committee be appointed to advise selectees of their rights, prevent evictions and protect benefits; that civil and not martial law be applied to selectees and that all American liberties be maintained in the selective service camps.

The resolution also included the provision that unions shall be able to designate leaders who ought to be deferred.

The Washington Council also urged the CIO convention to support the American Youth Act and to bring about closer cooperation between labor and youth, particularly the American Youth Congress.

A resolution was also passed denouncing the District Commissioners for only appointing bankers and big business men (with not a single representative of organized labor) to the local draft boards.

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Unions in Dispute at Plane Plant

Herrick, Hillman Have Controversy to Act On; Press Goes Wild

A jurisdiction dispute over drivers employed by the Brewster Aeronautical Corp. involving Local 365 of the United Automobile Workers' CIO and Local 807, Teamsters, A. F. of L. was under consideration by Mrs. Elmore M. Herrick and Defense Commission member Sidney Hillman, it was disclosed yesterday.

In the meantime three drivers dismissed by the company because they refused to join the CIO in accordance with the UAW, are picketing the plant.

Papers Screaming

Local 807 officials claim that when the contract was signed the company did not employ drivers and its provisions do not cover that branch. They expressed the belief, however, that the dispute would be "straightened out."

In the meantime, on the basis of statement by vice-president Dayton Brown of the company, wild newspaper publicity was released of a "threatened tieup" in a "bottleneck" involving orders for \$22,000,000 worth of planes, because of possible shortage of materials.

B'klyn Dockers Ask Mayor to Aid Clean Up

Charge Racketeering Flourishes on Waterfront

Rank and file longshoremen today asked Mayor LaGuardia to intervene in the Brooklyn waterfront situation, which they said, "cannot continue without resulting in a clash of some kind." The request was made in a letter to the Mayor signed by Peter Mazze, chairman of the Brooklyn IIA Rank and File Committee.

The committee represents the members of six IIA Red Hook locals.

The Rank and File Committee is fighting to free the locals from the domination of Joseph P. Ryan and Emil Camarda, President and Vice-President, respectively, of the IIA.

The letter said in part: "For many years, the shipping industry in this city has been victimized by gangs of racketeers in league with certain elements in the city government—in previous administrations, mainly."

"The extent of this racketeering has only been partially revealed by the exposure of Murder, Inc., and the investigation into the murder of Pete Panto."

"You will recall that the investigations of Special Rackets Prosecutor John Harlan Amen and of District Attorney O'Dwyer, in Brooklyn, led invariably to the waterfront."

"The chief weapon of these racketeering gangs has been the notorious 'shape-up' system of hiring. Under the shape-up system, longshoremen are forced to gather every morning from five o'clock on and stand around for hours in all sorts of weather, constituting themselves a sort of slave-auction, for the sake of a half-day's pay. Even then, not more than 40 per cent of the men available ever get jobs."

"A small minority are working day and night, earning \$75 and \$80 a week, part of which they are forced to kick back. The vast majority, those who refuse to go along with that leadership, get few jobs and earn an average of \$10 and \$12 a week."

"Joseph P. Ryan and Emil Camarda are opposed to the hiring hall because it would take away their right to penalize rank and file longshoremen for asserting their democratic rights within the union."

"Ryan has declared that he intends to fight the Brooklyn membership until they accept the shape-up system without question. He and Camarda already are transporting 'kick-back' gangs from other sections of the city to Red Hook to take the jobs of Brooklyn longshoremen."

"It is our earnest desire to meet with you, Mr. Mayor, at an early date to lay before you further facts in connection with this situation. We respectfully request, therefore, that you set a date on which you will receive a delegation of rank and file longshoremen."

CAN BE CURED

The Journal article points out that many men with bad teeth would be fit for the army once their teeth were properly cared for. The same is true of men with bad eyes.

Claiming that it is the duty of the army to inaugurate preventive and remedial measures for the preservation of the health of the nation, the army man called upon the government to help improve youth's well-being in order to increase the army's numbers.

The American Youth Congress has advanced a seven-point program for conscripts, the first of which is based on the health of the men: "full protection of the health and well-being of conscripts by providing adequate clothing, housing, food, hospitalization, sanitary and medical facilities. . . ."

Parents Hit Religious Training for Schools

United Parents Association to Oppose Proposed 'Released Time' Law at Public Hearing Before Board of Education, Nov. 13

Vehement opposition to the Coudert-McLaughlin law, providing for "released time" for religious training in the schools, was expressed at the last meeting of the United Parents Association delegate assembly held yesterday at the Hotel Diplomat.

The assembly voted to give its president, Mrs. Meta Schechter, authority to speak up against the operation of the law in the New York school system before the open hearing called for Wednesday, Nov. 13, by the Board of Education.

The motion passed by the UPA delegates opposed the principle of "released time" which the UPA has consistently fought. However, it was pointed out that the Board hearing would not consider the law itself but would accept suggestions as to its execution.

Mrs. Marion Miller, educational director of the associations, told the assembly: "We see in this law a very dangerous beginning of which we can hardly with equanimity see the end."

The delegates were informed that the Public Education Association, the Women's City Club and the American Civil Liberties Union are supporting the reactionary law.

A letter appearing in the November

ber New York Teacher, organ of the Teachers' Union, points out that the plan to introduce the religious instruction can be defeated.

It states: "The announcement of the Board of Education that it has before it a plan to provide for released time for religious education should come as no surprise. The Coudert-McLaughlin Bill was passed at the last legislative session. But the accompanying call for an open hearing on the subject, set for Nov. 13, did surprise me. If anything, provision for a public hearing is an indication of the lack of unanimity among Board members concerning the scheme. It is evident that the plan can still be defeated."

To urge that every teacher and teacher organization interested in the continuation of separation of the church and the state, and in education free from the impacts of religious differences, appear at the hearing. The date is Nov. 13."

Many Cities to Hold Armistice Day Peace Rallies

(Continued from Page 1)

police intimidation against those who advocate keeping this country out of war is under way."

Field pointed out that on September 19, Judge Wheat of the District Court for the District of Columbia, had ordered District officials to revise district laws so that there would be no further interference with the rights of citizens to distribute leaflets, hold public meetings or carry banners and placards in public places, and guaranteed freedom from false arrest.

LAW IS SCRAPPED

"There can be no question that today's arrests are a clear and flagrant violation of the spirit if not the letter of those judicial guarantees," Field said. "It seems that the District officials simply 'overlooked' notifying the police to observe these judicial guarantees of civil rights."

"In view of the fact that in the past few weeks," he said, "the streets of the District have been 'limited' time and time again with pro-Willkie and pro-Roosevelt leaflets, with advertisements for the Ice Carnival, and with a multitude of other appeals to the public, it becomes more than obvious that these arrests and these violations of the law are directed specifically against those who protest the increasing drive to involve this country in war."

Morris Tepping, chairman of the Washington Council of the American Youth Congress, and Eugene Wallach of American Peace Mobilization headquarters, were the two leaflet distributors who were arrested.

The Washington Youth Council sent a telegram to Mayor Ernest Brown, District of Columbia police commissioner, to protest against the "high-handed" action of police in arresting the two young men. A Youth Council delegation also visited Major Brown.

Theodore Dreiser, famous American author, will inaugurate the Armistice week-end rallies of the Peace Mobilization with a broadcast over a National hookup of the Columbia Broadcasting System on Saturday, Nov. 9, at 2 P. M.

Large mass meetings are planned

over the week-end in at least 25 major cities, while smaller demonstrations will be held in hundreds of communities throughout the country.

Dreiser will address a meeting in Washington at the La Fayette Hotel at 8:15 P. M., on Saturday night. In addition, Frederick F. Field, secretary of the Peace Mobilization and George Murphy, Jr., publicity director for the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will speak.

Other cities throughout the country where Armistice Day plans are being made include the following:

Chicago: At 11 o'clock on Armistice Day, neighborhood Councils are holding ceremonies on the street with the cooperation of International Workers Order Drum and Bugle Corps. On the evening of November 11, a mass meeting will be held in Orchestra Hall. Theodore Dreiser, Harvey O'Connor, chairman of the Chicago Peace Mobilization, Ishmael Flory of the National Negro Congress and others will speak.

Detroit: Will hold a city-wide conference on November 11, at the Fort Wayne Hotel. Guest speakers will include Donald Henderson, International President of the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America, and August Scholle, Regional Director of the Michigan State CIO.

Pittsburgh: Holding a conference on November 10 in cooperation with the Allegheny Valley Industrial Council, at New Kensington, Pa. Reverend Owen Knox, chairman of the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties, Bud James, Field Organizer for AFM, and others will speak.

New York: Four mass meetings in various parts of the city, with a huge rally at Mecca Temple, with Michael Quill, John P. Davis, Dr. Belle V. Dodd, and Jack McMichael among the main speakers.

St. Louis: Armistice Day services in cooperation with local churches and a city-wide distribution of leaflets on November 11th.

Baltimore: A mass meeting on November 15th with Carl Cradley, of the Industrial Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers, and Florence Williams, Young People's Union Providence Baptist Church, as speakers.

Milwaukee: A mass meeting at Milwaukee Auditorium on November 11 with religious, labor and youth speakers, and the presentation of dramatics.

Portland, Me.: Will hold its first public meeting at Frye Hall on November 11.

In Martinez, California, Agricultural and Oil Workers are planning an old day conference on November 10, while in Southern cotton fields, Clinton Clark, of the AFM National Council has organized 29 rural meetings in the last few days.

San Francisco and Los Angeles are also holding large mass meetings.

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Daily Worker

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS CO., INC., 50 East 13th St., New York, N. Y.
 President—Louis F. Budenz
 Vice-President—Howard C. Bodd
 Secretary-Treasurer—Benjamin J. Davis, Jr.
 Telephone: ALgonquin 4-7954
 Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
 Washington Bureau, Room 954, National Press Building, 14th and F Sts., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 7910.
 SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL:
 United States (except Manhattan and the Bronx)—1 year, \$4.00; 6 months, \$2.50; 3 months, \$1.50; 1 month, 75 cents.
 Manhattan and the Bronx—1 year, \$4.50; 6 months, \$2.75; 3 months, \$1.60; 1 month, 80 cents.
 Foreign and Canada—1 year, \$9.00; 6 months, \$5.00.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1940

'National Unity' Uproar—Smokescreen for War Drive

Scarcely is the election over than a deafening din for "national unity" sets in. Wendell Willkie starts it off. Norman Thomas pipes up, too. The monopoly newspapers roar it out in their pages. The William Allen White stooges for "war for Britain" stage a hullabaloo about it in Carnegie Hall.

Why is there all this noise about "national unity"? The Moneybags of the country had achieved such "unity" long before Nov. 5. They had brought it about in Philadelphia, in nominating "Roosevelt" Willkie against "Willkie" Roosevelt. Hearst's Journal-American confessed as much yesterday, when it sarcastically admitted that there was no real difference between the Republican and Democratic candidates for the Presidency—that the whole campaign was fundamentally a sham battle.

This rub-a-dub-dub about "national unity" is forwarded now, in order to drown out the profuse and dishonest promises which were made by the presidential candidates during the campaign. These promises neither Mr. Roosevelt nor Mr. Willkie wanted to make. They were compelled to do so, through the drive of the labor and peace forces and the uneasy inquiries of the people.

Such promises neither Mr. Roosevelt nor Mr. Willkie intended to keep. "National unity" furnishes a convenient smokescreen behind which all the deceitful pledges of the campaign can be hurriedly buried. There is even considerable discussion in the press of Mr. Willkie's being drawn into the government—thus to establish an openly one-party "coalition" Wall Street set-up.

This "national unity" uproar is for the purpose of accelerating the drive toward full involvement in the war.

Repeal of the Johnson Law—thus permitting loans to Britain and opening wide the old Wilsonian road to war—is predicted by yesterday's New York Journal of Commerce as one of the "musts" of the Roosevelt administration. The New York World-Telegram, in a front page article, informs us that "military observers" are even now opening up a drive to send American troops to Great Britain.

Through such "trial balloons" in the press were the conscription law, the 50-destructors deal and the rest of the war aid to Britain foisted upon the American people. The Roosevelt administration is now scheming to hurry faster into the war—and "national unity" is its camouflage to put over that proposal.

This "national unity" ballyhoo is likewise for the purpose of wrecking labor and destroying its conditions.

The White House has again demonstrated its contempt for labor by awarding the huge contract for airplanes to the Ford Motor Corporation the day after election—thus hitting out against the CIO drive to organize that anti-labor corporation. The labor editor of PM—which was so slobbery in its support of Roosevelt—also suddenly discovers the day after the election that the Roosevelt administration will "seduce" labor into "surrendering its independence." Destruction of the Wagner Act and the wages-hours law by the White House is confidently predicted by the "labor expert" of the Marshall Field publication.

Sir Walter Layton, secretary of the British Purchasing Mission in the United States, is busily engaged lobbying for the wiping out of American labor conditions. And Station WABC carried a broadcast from London yesterday morning in which the British press was reported as stating that America will have to impose the long hours and rigid discipline on labor that prevails in Britain, in order to help British war purposes effectively.

It was not for these things—the advance of war and the destruction of labor standards—that the people voted. They will have to say that now, loudly and clearly. They will have to thunder at the White House: "REMEMBER YOUR PROMISES!"—and insist that such promises be fulfilled.

Written and Published For Them

All that the Daily and Sunday Worker fought for during the election campaign, still must be fought for—peace, jobs, civil rights. If during the campaign, this paper was of service in bringing these issues in their true light to the people, it can be of still greater service in the future.

If our readers will look back and think of what this campaign would have been without the Daily and Sunday Worker, they will appreciate the need for spreading it far and wide now among new readers.

Regardless of how people voted in the

campaign, they were voting for those things for which this paper alone stands and fights. At this moment there are tens of thousands of potential new readers eager for a paper which truly fights to keep the nation out of war. Our steady readers owe it to themselves and to the cause which they serve, to see that these tens of thousands become acquainted with the one paper which is written and published for them.

'Neither London Nor Berlin' Says Ireland

Now come the British overlords, through Prime Minister Churchill, to demand naval bases in Ireland—at Queenstown, Berehaven and Loughswilly.

The Irish people are angry with such insolence. They know full well the perfidy and brutality of British imperialism. They understand, with a bitter understanding which 700 years of oppression have given them, that these bases are not so much for the defense of Britain as for the subjugation of Ireland.

Even the De Valera government, which has truckled to the British overlords, has had to bow before this storm of indignation raised from one end of the Emerald Isle to the other. The government asserts that it will maintain its neutrality, and the Irish Times of Dublin declares that it is time that there be an end to "the loose talk concerning Ireland which occasionally creeps into the proceedings of the British Parliament."

Ireland's angry rejection of the naval-base proposal gives some hint to the Latin-American countries as to how they will preserve their nation's peace. Acquiescence in American naval or air bases on their soil will place the Latin-American countries at the mercy of Wall Street imperialism. It will prepare the way for their subjugation and for their involvement in the imperialists' war.

This new attempt at encroachment on Irish independence by the Bank of England bandits is a further proof of the sham involved in the loud talk about Britain's "war for democracy and small nations." The Irish understand bitterly—as do the persecuted people of India—that both the imperialisms of Britain and Germany are their foes. In 1916 Ireland took its stand "against both King and Kaiser." Today it knows that it is a People's Ireland—free from all imperialist rule—that will win peace and independence for this stricken land.

Sir Attila of London

From London:

"Rome is such a nice town, it would be a pity to knock it about unnecessarily. However, if the necessity arises we will steel ourselves to such an act. It would not be the first time that an invader from the North had laid Rome in ruins."—Sir Philip Joubert, British Air Marshall.

Has this been translated from the original Hun version of Attila's Memoirs? Sir Philip's eagerness to repeat the barbarians' Sack of Rome may be due to direct ancestral descent. After all, if Hitler can brag about HIS savage "Nordic" blood, why can't the British aristocracy do the same?

Phew! What a gang these rulers are.

Freedom of Opinion Again on Trial

Immediately on the heels of the election, the persecution of Communists begins again in the courts of the District of Columbia.

At the behest of the Dies Committee, the courts have summoned Communist leaders from Massachusetts and Maryland to appear for trial on charges of "contempt" in refusing to divulge the names of members of the Party in their respective States.

Phil Frankfeld, state secretary of the Party in Massachusetts, and Thomas F. P. O'Dea of the Young Communist League of that state, will appear in the Washington courts on Friday, together with Dr. Albert Blumberg, state secretary of the Party in Maryland and the District of Columbia.

In this fashion does the Roosevelt administration, working in cahoots with Dies, unleash a new drive to establish a blacklist of the members of the Communist Party—a preliminary, as experience shows, to the blacklisting and pillorying of militant union members everywhere.

Freedom of political opinion is being defended by the Communist leaders from Massachusetts and Maryland in the stand that they have taken. They are defending even more than that, for the Coudert Committee's hounding of the New York Teachers' Union makes it clear that it is the attempted smashing of the unions which is also bound up with this hunt for membership lists.

Leading conservative leaders of the AFL in New York State have strongly condemned the anti-union activities of the Coudert Committee in searching out for the names of the Teachers' Union members. Labor can also make itself heard against the persecution of the Communists, for their stand on exactly the same platform—that of freedom of opinion, without fear of blacklist or other intimidation.



THE
BLACKOUT
THAT FAILED

—Reprinted from the New Masses

WHO ARE THE GUARDIANS OF AMERICAN LITERATURE?

The fourth instalment of Mike Gold's series on "The Great Tradition: Can the Literary Renegades Destroy It?" appears in today's issue of the Daily Worker.

This series has already won high praise from numerous readers who greet it as a timely answer to that small group which, after a brief, nodding acquaintance with the workingclass movement, deserted it to serve those who would plunge America into the European war.

Mike Gold's series is at the same time an eloquent affirmation of those values that have impelled numerous outstanding writers to spurn the blandishments of the MacLeishes and the Mumfords, and to stand by the cause of the people. The courageous and eloquent statement on the Soviet Union by that eminent American novelist, Theodore Dreiser, published in yesterday's Daily

Worker, is symbolic of this inner clarity on the part of those American intellectuals who refuse to climb onto the bandwagon of war propaganda and hysteria.

In discussing American literature and the men who create it, Mike Gold speaks with the authority of a veteran who has participated actively in the struggle for a vital and vibrant American literature. For more than 20 years he has contributed to American literature—as poet, novelist and essayist. He has exposed the Philistines of letters, while aiding and encouraging promising young writers many of whom have since achieved merited recognition.

Mike Gold's present series is a valuable contribution to an understanding of the contemporary literary scene. We strongly recommend these articles to the attention of our readers and invite their comment.

False Leaders Deserted Madrid, But C. P. Rallied the People for Defense

(Continued from Page 2)

Camps of Franco Spain today there are two million of the best defenders of the Spanish Republic, hundreds are sentenced to die and killed outright. Hundreds of thousands of heroic fighters are in exile. The ruin of Spain and the menace of its being dragged in at any moment in a war to suit the imperialist interests—all this was brought about by those who first gave silent consent to the Franco Italian and German war against the Spanish Republic and then rushed to recognize the Franco victory. But the Spanish people are not conquered. The terror now going on in Spain is unknown to the history of mankind. Nevertheless, the people continue daily more actively their organized resistance against the Franco regime.

The experiences of three years of war, the gains made by the People's Front government and placed into the hands of the people, all this makes possible now the organization of struggle under new conditions. During visiting hours in the prisons, while standing in line for the food rations, when transporting prisoners to the firing line, at every occasion one hears the constant protest of those on the outside.

GUERRILLAS AIDED
 Contact is maintained with the thousands of guerrilla fighters in the mountains to the north, providing them with food, clothing and ammunition. The political rumor and joke has taken on the widest proportion, reaching towns and villages rapidly, for everywhere one hears the same protesting voice of the Spanish people: "Down with Franco! Long Live the Republic!" No one knows where it comes from or who circulates them, but daily in the big centers of Spain reach the

hands of the people newly published manifestos, throw-a-ways. Walls in prominent streets are painted with slogans. Money is being collected in front of factories through very clever means: for the SRI (ILD) which is used for providing the thousands of prisoners with a minimum of necessities. Today as during the war only the Communist Party of Spain in the interior as well as on the outside marches at the head of these struggles, while the leaders of the Socialist Party, the Republicans and Anarchists divided into little groups, undermined by personal egotism, have delivered themselves into the hands of imperialism and are trying also to deliver the Spanish people.

Prieto, Martinez-Barrio, etc. even try to negotiate with Franco with the intention of dragging the Spanish people in the imperialist war now raging on the side of Great Britain. These servants of imperialism aim at deceiving the Spanish people with the lie that the victory of the British would reinstate their freedom. As if the Spanish people can ever forget the treacherous role played by the British government when it followed a policy of non-intervention while German and Italian armies and arms were transported to Franco during the war.

MORE HELP NEEDED
 The American people have responded to the call of Republican Spain during the war and after by helping the refugees in France. This help is still needed today as then. Particularly today it is necessary to rally behind the struggle against the brutal terror and for general amnesty. The death sentence handed out to the defenders of Spanish freedom and democracy are a shame to humanity. The American people and its working class can

undertake action that will influence our government at Washington to intervene on behalf of the heroic Spanish people. Such action would go hand in hand with the struggle of the Spanish people today in Spain who are fighting under the most difficult conditions against Spain's entry into the war.

The Spanish people do not want war. It is in the interests of the United States that Spain not be dragged into this, that the present imperialist war not be extended. Peace is what the people of Spain want and so do the American people.

This is the immediate step we can take. It will help the Spanish people in their struggle against the Franco regime.

Above all should more energetic protest be voiced against granting of United States loans to the Franco regime which bleeds the Spanish people. A loan of one hundred millions of dollars is now being negotiated for the Franco regime. This does not speak well for the United States government, which talks in the name of democracy while helping Franco.

"MISTAKE" ADMITTED

President Roosevelt at one time stated that he made a "mistake" in maintaining the arms embargo against Republican Spain when millions of Americans demanded that the embargo be lifted. The American people must not let President Roosevelt make another so-called mistake. On the occasion of the 4th anniversary of the heroic defense of Madrid, we must renew with fresh vigor the resistance to the attempts of our own imperialist bourgeoisie to drag us into the imperialist war, against extending the war, demanding the cessation of terror and a general amnesty for the freedom loving people of Spain.

100 Percent Union

by Louis F. Budenz

FOUR MILLION members and more constitute no small labor organization.

The most optimistic will scarcely deny that the figure is not so overwhelming when the 30,000,000 American workers still awaiting unionization are taken into consideration. But the Four Million and more do represent THE HIGH POINT in the membership of the American Federation of Labor, and that is something to justify the pride with which Secretary-Treasurer George Meany now points to the compilation.

Pride often goeth before a fall, history teaches us, if it is not backed up by such intelligent foresight as will continue to make such figures mount and by such vigor as will cause the conditions of those embraced in the union columns constantly to improve.

The New Orleans convention of the AFL—now ten days away—will have a good deal to do with the future fate of the trade union movement and with the decision as to just how strong it will grow.

There was another time when the AFL was at another HIGH POINT in its membership, which might furnish some food for thought for a moment. That was in the first part of the first imperialist war, when the membership rolls swelled to more than THREE MILLION. The AFL leadership patted itself on the back and thought complacently that the unorganized could be brought into the fold of labor without any organizing effort.

DIDN'T WANT TO REMEMBER

They forgot—or did not want to remember—that militants everywhere were building these unions. They didn't want to remember because they were bitterly opposed to such militants, even though the fakers accepted the fruits of their labors.

Then, under the war economy, the cost of living rose higher than the workers' wages. The AFL leadership cooperated in keeping down "resentment." They even hunted down the militants—and in the name of "patriotism" put these union-builders in danger of frame-up and imprisonment. The Honorable Matthew Woll, insurance magnate, was particularly conspicuous in such activities.

Labor union after labor union was robbed of its militancy—and the prelude was written for the widespread introduction of the company union and the decline of the AFL. Never was the bankruptcy of the Gompers-Green leadership so marked as in the sabotage of the great Steel Strike, which followed on the heels of the war. Thereby 400,000 men were robbed of their right to join a labor union, and the AFL took a tailspin in membership which was climaxed by the federation's paralysis in the reign of Calvin Coolidge.

THE "SQUEEZE" ON LABOR

War economy is beginning to put "the squeeze" on labor once more, as was done by Woodrow Wilson and his immediate successors. Dr. Leo Wolman—that old, dear friend of Sidney Hillman's—now recommends through the National Industrial Conference Board that the hours of labor be lengthened. There are plenty of hints that such advice is warmly received by the White House.

At the same time, "Labor is restive," as the New York Journal of Commerce unhesitatingly admits. "Considerable restiveness by labor is reported by personnel men in a number of industries," jitters reports this voice of Wall Street on Monday. "Pressure by unions for increased wages is increasing, although few disputes are yet reported over such demands."

The "danger spots" continue to be the "Little Steel" plants and the Ford Motor Corporation, continues this Wall Street worthy. The AFL is treated with conspicuous and contemptuous silence. It is the CIO which is still the dread of the big employers—and it is in large part the recent CIO drives which have allowed the AFL to build-up its present great membership.

Such reminders come up for thoughtful consideration in connection with the gathering in New Orleans one week from Monday. Will the AFL rise to this occasion and participate in militant action for the defense of the workers? Or will it again sell them down the river, as it did for the good will of Woodrow Wilson?

ENDING THE COLOR BAR

Will it also open its ranks to ALL MEN AND WOMEN ELIGIBLE to such membership, and refuse further to continue the shameful discrimination against the Negro workers? William Green will plausibly orate on "the family of labor"—stretching his arms wide as he does so, to signify his embrace of all who toil. That is an idle and insulting gesture, when Green and his colleagues studiously keep up the bars against Negro membership in too many unions.

In the depths of the Deep South, a ringing message can be delivered to the hundreds of thousands of slave-driven, unorganized workers. A real testimony of the solidarity of "the family of labor" can also be furnished, in an ending once and for all of racial discrimination—an intolerable and rotten thing within the labor movement.

Such will have to be done, if it is to be done, by the progressives at New Orleans. Measures of militancy or of equal rights for all labor—black as well as white—will never be initiated by Green or his fellow-business unionists.

Letters From Readers

Says Attempt to Deport Mrs. Browder Shows Brutality of Ruling Class

New Bedford, Mass.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I am forwarding today a \$5 donation to the Communist Party.

Such a thing as the attempt to deport Mrs. Browder certainly shows how brutal the ruling clique can be.

J. D.

America's Best Antidote To Associated Poison Purveyors

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Editor, Daily Worker:

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M. O.

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Editor, Daily Worker:

Enclosed please find \$2.00 for the Daily Worker Drive which I wish to be credited to Harry Gannes.

E. G.

The Pinch Hitter

• An Answer for Lloyd Lewis
• Insulting Southern Boys

By Bill Newton

One of our readers sends us a clipping from the Chicago Daily News sports correspondence column conducted by Lloyd Lewis in which Lewis says that the "flux of so many Southerners into the pro football ranks is generally supposed to be the reason that sport uses no more Duke Slater."

Slater was a great Negro professional football star before the money boys went Jim Crow.

"It would be encouraging," Lewis replied to his correspondent, "if you could prove that Southern colleges have finally agreed to find Northern teams who have Negroes on the squad. But I can find no record of it. Please tell me where it exists, for the fact should be chronicled as important."

It is important, and it DOES exist, despite the recent case of Len Bates, and we're going to oblige Mr. Lewis and tell him right now!

Texas A. and M.

He'll be interested to know, for example, that UCLA, whose star is Jackie Robinson, has played Texas A. and M. and Southern Methodist this year, with Jackie very much in the lineup, and that the great Kenny Washington took part in the TCU-UCLA game last year.

SMU players, in fact, called Kenny the greatest back they'd faced all year.

Then there was Georgetown, whose coach, Jack Hagerly, blasted the Jim Crowing of Len Bates in the Missouri game. The Washington school is farther South than Missouri, yet showed no hesitation in facing Bates a few weeks ago. The Hoyas are going to play against Lou Montgomery, Boston College crack back, in the big crash Nov. 16.

New York fans will remember colorful St. Mary's of Texas, which played LIU recently. The Southern boys went up against Dolly King, LIU's Negro end, and although it is said that they shoved him around a bit, they voiced no objections to Dolly's playing, and many, including Coach Moss Simms, hit the discrimination against Bates.

The Start of a List

There's the start of a list for Mr. Lewis, and I have no doubt that many more examples could be listed, along with the least tasteful aspects of the situation: the Jim Crowing of Len Bates in the Missouri game, of Montgomery against Tulane, of Ed Williams of NYU in the North Carolina contest a few years ago.

And let's not forget the first-rate importance of the naming of Kenny Washington as coach of the UCLA freshman squad this year.

All in all, it seems to me to be the feeblest of excuses to give as an excuse for Jim Crow the supposed prejudices of Southern boys on baseball, football, or track teams. There's no reason why Southern boys are any less sportsmanlike than the athletes of any other part of the country. Certainly the biasing of Jim Crow by such Southern boys as Dixie Dean or Carl Hubbell proves that. You don't see the running Redout twins refusing to compete against Negroes, and they hail from Texas.

Actually, the banning of Bates from the Missouri game was as much of an insult to the Tiger players as it was to the Negro people. That Southern football teams can be just as sportsmanlike as any other outfit is being amply proved these days by such squads as Georgetown, SMU, and so on, and indicates that the ban is maintained not so much by the players as by the various university or athletic authorities. In baseball, the responsible parties are the managers; in football, the athletic departments; in track, the same.

Negroes Deserve a Chance

That Negroes deserve a chance in the majors was practically admitted by Mr. Lewis, by the way.

"Personally, I see every Negro All-Star baseball game that I can," he wrote. "The throwing arms of the outfielders, the speed of runners on the bases, the risks taken, all make their game more like the old big league game than like the home run-crazy days in which the modern majors live."

"That ought to indicate to you my personal position in the matter."

Which is a perfectly good place for me to end this column—by urging a renewed flood of letters to the National and American League offices in New York hitting Jim Crow, to Judge Landis in Chicago, and to New York University for Jim Crowing Bates.

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Michigan, Fordham and Notre Dame Picked

McCoy Set For Carnegie Hero Award

Takes Life in Hands in Title Fight Dec. 16 at Hub Against Louis

By Al Stillman

You wonder what the devil is happening to the fight racket. Billy Conn, current lightweight champion, is campaigning in the heavy ranks, isn't ready to meet heavy champ Joe Louis but a man he trimmed just last month is signed for a title fight in Boston Dec. 16.

The gentleman in question is veteran Al McCoy of the Hub, whose single claim to fame is winning over sliding Mello Bettina after Conn finished him in two successive bouts. Among McCoy's other claims to fame are losses to Gus Dorazio, Solly Krieger, Buddy Knox, Nathan Mann and three beatings by Bicycle Bob Pastor in two years. None of these could be seen in the same ring with the champ today. Pastor, of course, had two shots at the title, but Bob would be the last to bring that up.

There is one obvious advantage to New Yorkers in the whole affair. The fight will be held in Boston, Mike Jacobs not daring to stage it here. Fans in Beantown aren't going to shell out too heavily either. The "fight" is supposed to go fifteen rounds but there isn't a man there who will wager it lasts past the third.

McCoy, they tell me, has a whip-lash punch that comes from nowhere and a style that may dethrone the champ. Our reply to that is the second Louis-Arturo Godoy scrap when the South American had a fool-proof defense, i.e. fighting from a crouch. P.S. He didn't win.

Every man coming up against Louis has a new defense that is impracticable. Usually he lasts less than six rounds. The defense worked out by Bob Pastor and used during his first bid for the title is still the best: keep away from corners and leave plenty of room for back peddling. With that courageous battle plan mapped out Bob went the distance and earned himself the "Bicycle" that precedes his name whenever mentioned. The second time he wanted to fight. He was knocked out.

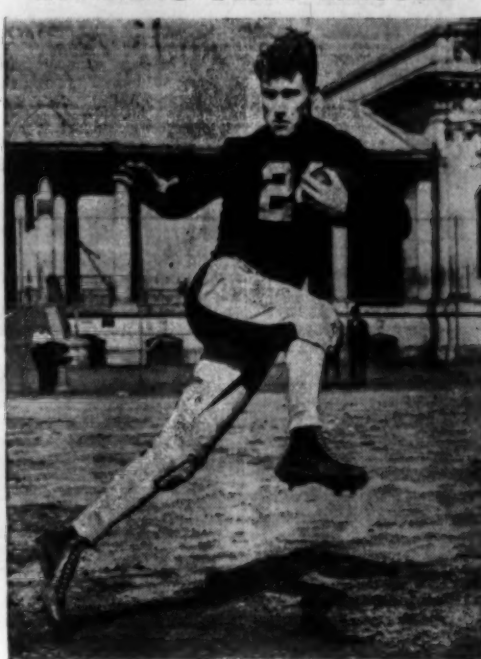
For McCoy our sagacious advice is to emulate Pastor's antics in his first bout. You may not win that way but at least you can't get hurt.

NYU

A move calculated to remove the pressure under which his regulars have been operating this season, may be undertaken next Saturday by Coach Max Stevens when New York University meets the undefeated Franklin and Marshall College team at Ohio Field. Stevens intends to keep his first-stringers on the bench at one opening kick-off and start the game with a team composed of erstwhile reserves.

The N. Y. U. coach described his plan as purely a psychological maneuver and one not to be taken as a slur against the Diplomats, who number among their victims Dartmouth College. He is not yet certain how long he will keep the second team in action before inserting the regulars.

RUNNING PROS RAGGED



WHIZZER WHITE

THAT'S PITCHIN'!

Slingin' Sam Completes 70 Per Cent of Passes

Redskins' Ace Is Setting Smashing Pace to Lead Pros

The undefeated Washington Redskins dominated the National League's individual performance departments, according to statistics for eight weeks of play released by the United Press.

Washington players are listed nine times among the leaders of various departments. Sammy Baugh is leading the forward passers with a record-breaking pace in addition to leading the league in punting and gaining the most yards on intercepted passes.

Baugh has completed 68 out of 96 passes for 950 yards, 10 touchdowns and a 70 per cent passing percentage. His punting average from the line of scrimmage is 49 yards

for 23 punts. He's gained 84 yards on intercepted passes.

Whizzer White, Detroit, regained the ground-gaining lead over Banks McFadden, Brooklyn, with 366 yards in 104 attempts. McFadden has piled up 326 yards in 44 attempts and Parker Hall, Cleveland, who is third, has 308

Jaspers

Departing from his customary procedure this season, Coach Herb Kopf is preparing two Manhattan eleveners for service in the inter-collegiate battle with Marquette University at the Yankee Stadium Saturday. Whereas the Jasper regulars have been called on to play sixty minutes, or close to it, up to now, liberal substitutions will be made for this. The replacements will be made individually, however. No "two-team system" is contemplated at this time.

Kopf plans two shifts in the starting eleven. The changes will put Chet Smolenski, a regular last year, at left end in place of Dave Farabaugh, his alternate in 1939 and first choice up to now in this campaign, and Felix Bonadio at center in place of John Gaynor, with whom he has been alternating.

The addition of Smolenski and Bonadio to the starting line-up will give Manhattan some welcome weight as well as physical freshness. Smolenski weighs 190 against Farabaugh's 168 and Bonadio at 188 has a couple of pounds on Gaynor.

LIU

Long Island University is moving up to Monday's Canisius game with its most severe casualty list of the season. Joe Koons, star center, is still nursing a thumb injury sustained in the St. Mary's game. Johnny Gites, triple-threat sophomore back is limping around with a sprained ankle; Walter Callahan, starting tackle has a similar injury, while Bill Byrne, the second best kicker on the squad, suffered a fractured cheek-bone in practice during the week and probably will be out for the rest of the season. Koons and Gites probably will be able to see action.

Tribute to Name Pilot

Cleveland expects to name its new pilot by Tuesday, according to prey Alva Bradley, Roger Peckinpah and Luke Sewel are considered the leading candidates.

WHAT'S ON

Tonight

BACKGROUND of American Foreign Policy in the Far East. Joseph Starobin, New Masses foreign commentator, lectures at Workers School, 50 E. 13th St. at 7 P.M. Admission 25c.

OAKLEY JOHNSON, political analyst, analyzes "News of the Week." Question period. Sub. 15c. Ausp. People's Forum, I.L.D., 53 E. 13th St., 8:30 P.M.

"MYSTICAL ABOUT POETRY," discussed by Eli Siegel, 8:30 P.M. Poetry Group, 87 Jane St. (SB) (83rd Ave., 14th). Criticism. Sub. 25c.

HARRY MELOFF MEMORIAL Lincoln Brigade. Speaker, Sol Vallentyne. All welcome. Harry Meloff Center, 868 E. 108th St., Bronx, 8:30 P.M.

Tomorrow

EYE-WITNESS ACCOUNT of events in Mexico and Cuba. Joseph North, editor New Masses, speaks Saturday Nov. 9th, 2:30 P.M. at Workers School forum, second floor, 50 E. 13th St. Admission 25c.

ARTISTS HOUSEWARMING PARTY! "Hot Lips" Page and Band. Jam session. Refreshments. Sub. 50c. 2nd floor, 23rd St. 8 P.M.

BEER PARTY-DANCE sponsored by Mattick-Seca. L.W.O., 1871 Webster Ave. Refreshments. Sub. 30c-50c. each per couple. 8:30 P.M.

ALFRED GOLDSTEIN continues his afternoon lecture series, analyzing "News of the Week." Ausp. See Brestes Seminar, 300 Coney Island Ave., Bklyn., 2:15 P.M.

PETER 1 and cartoons will be shown at Bath Beach Center, 2075 86th St., Bklyn., 3 P.M. Sub. 25c—Children 10c.

DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT—Given by Neighborhood Youth Club, L.W.O., at The Center, 605 Cleveland St., Bklyn. Band, entertainment by Brooklyn Contemporary Players, folk dancing. Sub. 40c.

Coming

ALFRED GOLDSTEIN, popular political analyst, analyzes the "News of the Week," this Sunday, Nov. 10th, 2:30 P.M. at the Workers School, second floor, 50 E. 13th St., Adm. 25c.

SCHOOL REGISTRATION BALLROOM dance lessons, class and private. Workers rates. Registration daily 2-9 P.M. Social Dance Group, 436 Sixth Ave., 1 Flight up, OR 5-0866.

DANCE CLASSES, Modern, Ballet, \$1.00 monthly. Ballroom practice sessions Saturdays 7 P.M. Morella, 106 4th Ave. (12th).

SOCIAL DANCING taught in 3 hours. Private lessons, 12-18 P.M. daily. Marion, 2 E. 23rd St., AL 4-1388.

Ken-Steve Clash Dec. 13

Middleweight champ Ken Overlin and Steve Belloise will go at it again in a return title bout at the Garden, Dec. 13.

Mike Jacobs announced yesterday that he would match the two, who provided such an exciting brawl Nov. 1, in the busiest winter of his promoting career. Jacobs said that he will announce two important bouts for Detroit and one for Chicago next week. He is rumored to have a finger in the Joe Louis-Al McCoy tussle in Boston Dec. 16, although he is not promoting it.

When Belloise and Overlin meet again, young Steve may be the favorite. He was a 2-1 underdog last time, but he almost kayoed the champ in the sixth round.

Insiders see the announcement by Jacobs as indicating that he is spreading his promotional monopoly over the nation. Mike will be at least a co-promoter in the Detroit and Chicago bouts.

Whizzer White, Hutson and Looney Also Show Way

yards in 88 attempts.

Don Hutson, Green Bay, and Don Looney, Philadelphia, share pass receiving honors with 33 catches each, only eight passes away from the league record for one season. Hutson tied a league record last Sunday when he caught eight passes in one game against the Chicago Bears. Bill Johnston, Washington, has caught 21 passes, giving him third place.

Johnston rose from fourth place to tie teammate Dick Todd for the top scoring lead. Each has seven touchdowns for 42 points. Hutson is third with 38.

LEADING GROUND GAINERS:

Player	Yds.	Att.	Avg.
Whizzer White, Detroit	366	104	3.5
Banks McFadden, Brooklyn	326	44	7.4
Parker Hall, Cleveland	308	48	6.4
Dick Todd, Washington	275	43	6.4
Walter Nielsen, N. Y.	253	38	6.7

LEADING PASSERS:

Player	P.C.	Yds.	Int.	Avg.
Sammy Baugh, Wash.	68	950	4	7.06
Eddie Miller, N. Y.	55	84	0	1.53
Cecil Ladd, Gr. Bay	104	48	7	1.41

LEADING PASS RECEIVERS:

Player	Catches	Yds.	Tds.
Don Hutson, Green Bay	33	501	5
Don Looney, Phila.	33	444	4
Jimmy Johnston, Wash.	21	288	3

LEADING SCORERS:

Player	Yds.	PAT	FG
Jimmy Johnston, Wash.	7	0	43
Dick Todd, Washington	7	0	43
Don Hutson, Green Bay	3	0	38

Sports Editor Lester Rodney is ill. His column, "On the Scoreboard," will be resumed upon his return.

Great Fives to Descend on Garden

The seventh season of inter-collegiate basketball in Madison Square Garden will open on Saturday, December 14, when City College's promising five opposes the Oklahoma Aggies and Long Island University meets the University of Oregon's towering five.

There will be sixteen double-headers in the 1940-41 season. This is one more than the previous high mark set last winter when a record breaking attendance was climaxed by the national intercollegiate tournament sponsored by the Metropolitan Intercollegiate Basketball Committee.

Preceding the opening of the intercollegiate season there will be a basketball program on Monday, November 25, bringing together Barney Sedran's Phillips 66 Oilers, National A.A.U. champions, and the Oribach A.A.U. Metropolitan and Eastern A.A.U. titleholders. In the opening game of this preseason doubleheader the teams representing the Metropolitan Life Insurance A.A. and the Equitable Life

Assurance Co. will meet.

The intercollegiate season will see more intercollegiate contests than ever before with 21 teams from outside the metropolitan area invading the Garden. For the first time in history every section of the country from north, south, east and west will be represented.

Santa Clara, kingpin of the Pacific Coast and one of the most impressive teams to visit here last winter, makes a return visit during the Christmas Holiday court festival which will again have three doubleheaders between Christmas and New Year's Eve. Rice Institute, Southwestern Conference kingpin; Illinois and Minnesota of the Western Conference, Colorado and Kansas, in addition to Santa Clara, will play local fives during the holiday season.

The University of North Carolina paced by the sensational George Giamack, who scored 488 points, to win the Southern Conference title and Toledo University, Ohio Conference, headed by equally brilliant Bob Gerber, will

Harmon Called Edge Over Mighty Gophers; Columbia Seen Victor

Texas A. and M. Favored to Halt Southern Methodist; Stanford to Clip Washington in Big Saturday Games

By Nat Low

With the phony "Heads I win, tails you lose" election finally over and the air cleared of the gas of the tin-horned politicians had erupted all over the country, sport fans now can take their football

with more enjoyment than heretofore.

And there is plenty to take. For be it east, west, north or south, the sparks will fly merrily as the big guns are drawn up for the start of the push to the finishing tape Saturday.

Headed by the clash of the two unbeaten Big Nine titans, Michigan and Minnesota, the list of big grid games is a long one.

Here in New York five promising contests are on tap as Wisconsin tackles Columbia, unbeaten Franklin and Marshall takes on much beaten N.Y.U. tough Marquette meets Manhattan, the improving Purdue Boilermakers move in to match wits with the Fordham Rams and Springfield faces CCNY.

This is the best collection of football talent to be seen in the city on one afternoon this season. In the rest of the nation, contests to please the palate of the grid gourmet involve Notre Dame-Navy, S.M.U.-Texas A. & M., Cornell-Yale, So. Cal-California, and Stanford-Washington for the Pacific coast championship.

Picking the winners: Michigan-Minnesota. . . . Two powerhouse eleveners come head on and how are you going to call the game? Minnesota probably has the better squad, but you can't ignore Tommy Harmon. He's the edge (with Evashevski in there blocking) who should toss the margin the way of the Maize and Blue.

Fordham - Purdue. . . . The Boilermakers finally are moving, following their 21-6 victory over Iowa. But Fordham rules a slight favorite in our books, following their precise playing against North Carolina last week.

Notre Dame-Navy. . . . Everyone says the Irish were over-rated before their lucky victory over Army. But the Irish still are strong favorites over a sturdy Sailor crew.

Columbia-Wisconsin. . . . Here's a close one. The Badgers rule slight favorites. But the strong, mature Lion forward wall is picked to halt Skulldreder's Notre Dame style crew, despite the impressive size of the Madison eleven.

Dartmouth-Princeton. . . . The Indian and the Tiger. . . . The In-

dians couldn't take another tiger, habitat Detroit, neither can they take this one. . . . PRINCETON.

Cornell-Yale. . . . The other day at the polls a Tammany politician yelled, "There goes that Red." Righto, and here goes the Big Red. . . . CORNELL. . . . easy.

Penn.-Harvard. . . . Francis F. Reagan could do it alone, with ten other guys it becomes a rout. PENN. . . .

Phil-Carnegie Tech. . . . The Engineers aren't building very good bridges this year. . . . FITT.

Mississippi-Holy Cross. . . . 'Ol Miss rolls on and on.

Boston College-Boston U. . . . B. C. is undefeated, isn't it? It'll be Sunday morning. . . . BOSTON COLLEGE.

Johnny Kimbrough and gang of Texas A. & M. to lick S.M.U. . . . GEORGIA Tech techs Kentucky. . . . MICHIGAN STATE does the same to Indiana. . . . MISS. STATE adds woe to the swamp tiger of L.S.U. . . . ALABAMA bams the Green Wave of Tulane. . . .

MANHATTAN proves itself a fine team by taking Marquette. . . . Len Bates pulls the N.Y.U. Violet to a win over unbeaten F & M. . . . NORTHWESTERN Wildcats rip Illinois, and who hasn't? . . . 80.

CAL takes Cal into camp. . . . ARMY shells Brown. . . . and unbeaten STANFORD clinches the western title by ripping Washington. . . .

Miller Popular

Eddie Miller, crack Boston shortstop, is a popular fellow. Several National League teams would like to obtain him from the Bees.

WANT ADS

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143RD, 644 E. (St. Mary's St.) Charming. Private. Telephone. Call Saturday, Sunday, all day. Weekday-evenings. Burdine.

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LITTLE LEFTY

